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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The Senate was in executive session two hours; proceedings in open session were unimportant. —— The trial of Wm. A. Mott, of Norfolk, Va., who shot and killed two women at Lancaster, Pa., has been postponed until April on account of the suicide of Mott's chief counsel. —— Norwegian steamer with cargo of sugar sunk in New York harbor, —— The State Department has issued a warrant for the surrender of C. F. W. Neeley to the Cuban authorities. —— Five per cent. income tax is exacted from American holders of British government bonds. —— House committee on military affairs disagrees to all the Senate amendments to the army reorganization bill. —— There was no material change in the condition of the Queen of England at midnight. —— Emperor William was admitted to the Queen's presence in the afternoon. —— Bill passed the House to establish a branch soldiers home at Johnson, Tenn., for the benefit of Union soldiers of the South. —— The Senate confirmed the nomination of Jas. S. Harlan to be attorney general at Porto Rico. —— Schooner John Russell wrecked near Cape May. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½ per cent.; cotton dull, middling uplands 9 15-16c; flour no higher and ruled dull; wheat closed steady and unchanged; corn—spot steady; oats dull, No. 2 30½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine dull at 40½@41c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 21.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 49 degrees; 8 P. M., 55 degrees; maximum, 63 degrees; minimum, 37 degrees; mean, 50 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1 30 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M., 8.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—For North Carolina—Fair Tuesday; southwest to northwest winds. Fresh on the coast. Wednesday fair.

Port Almanac---January 22.

Sun Rises	7.07 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.17 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 10 M
High Water at Southport	9 00 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	11 30 P. M.

Pittsburg, Pa., is proud of a horseless engine which gets there itself and throws 1,350 gallons of water a minute.

Some of the agricultural journals remark that the hens are not laying as well as formerly. Perhaps they object to the Trusts cornering their fruit.

Crowing over the first baby of the century, which was born in Cleveland at 12.01 New Year's morning, a local paper asks: "Who can beat it?" Who would want to beat a little thing like that?

P. Marchington, a Boston letter carrier, claims to hold the record as a long distance walker. He has been marching around delivering mail since 1858 and claims to have walked 75,000 miles.

You don't see many people sporting glass eyes, and yet there are several millions of them made every year. Germany and Switzerland turn out 2,000,000 a year, and France a good many.

A New Jersey physician attributes the prevalence of the grip in the country to the November meteors. But we didn't get the grip on the meteors, which some of the astronomers say gave us the slip.

Alvord the New York bank looter, whose residence was at Mount Vernon, was drawn as a juror the same week he was tried and convicted. But he couldn't serve as he had important business at Sing Sing where he has been given a 13-year engagement.

Samuel Lewis, the London usurer, recently deceased, left an estate worth $20,000,000, made by lending money to tilted nabobs when they got in a pinch and whom he bled mercilessly. He bequeathed one-half of his estate to his wife and the other half to relatives and friends.

That Boston boy who preferred a tramp's life to taking care of $15,000 worth of property left him, is eclipsed by the New Jersey man who will not quit tramping to grab a $75,000 legacy left him. He says the legging he does suits him very well and he doesn't want any legacy.

A German writer illustrated what American competition meant by saying that the writing machine he was using, the table on which it stood, the desks, book cases and chairs in the office were all American, because the corresponding articles of equal quality could not be made in Europe and sold for a similar price.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The alarm of fire at 7 o'clock last evening from box 17, corner Fifth and Nixon streets, was false.

— The Rev. J. W. Martin, of the Burgaw circuit, is assisting in the revival at Bladen Street M. E. church.

— A grand charity ball will be given in the Masonic Temple this evening by the Concordia Society of the Temple of Israel.

— A camera club will be organized at 7:30 o'clock this evening at the Y. M. C. A. All who are interested are invited to be present.

— Harry Keen, who was accidentally shot at Wrightsville Saturday, was improving rapidly yesterday. The bullet has not been extracted.

— At the residence of Mr. W. E. Perdew, 310 North Seventh street, next Friday night, a reception will be given by the Epworth League of Grace Methodist Church.

— There were sales of spirits of turpentine at the closing of the local market yesterday at 37@37½ cents, but there were no transactions during the regular hours at the Exchange. The receipts were 88 casks.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Munroe & Kelley—Furniture.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
S. H. MacRae—Bankrupt notice.
J. L. Middleton—Change in business.
Opera House—"Why Jones Left Home."
The Atlantic National Bank—Wilmington, N. C.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Miss Sallie Ennett is visiting relatives at Rocky Point.

— Mr. Henry Bear has returned to the city, after an absence of some time.

— Mr. Neil McLaurin, now of Florence, spent Sunday in the city with relatives.

— George Rountree, Esq., is at home for a few days from the Legislature to attend the Superior Court.

— Misses Lillie and Carrie Drew, two popular young ladies of Southport, are visiting friends and relatives in the city.

— Mr. James F. Post, Jr., left last night for Baltimore where he will pursue a course in law at the Commercial Law School.

— Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy arrived Sunday from Washington and will spend the week here in attendance upon the Superior Court.

— Mrs. C. E. Wood, who is recovering from the effects of a difficult surgical operation at the City Hospital, her friends will be glad to learn, is very fast improving.

— Among those registered at The Orton Sunday and yesterday were: Geo. D. Boyd, Greensboro; R. H. Patterson, Wilson; W. R. McKay, Floral College; Jno. C. Lamb, Scotland Neck; Gideon Lamb, Williamston; Dr. B. R Graham, Wallace.

— Mr. J. A. Stone, a very clever young man of Brunswick and a son of Mr. W. H. Stone, of Shallotte, left yesterday morning to resume his studies at Oak Ridge Institute, from which institution he will graduate this year in the commercial department.

LOCAL PORT PARAGRAPHS.

Largest Schooner That Has Ever Visited Wilmington—Other Marine News.

The four-masted schooner *Jno. B. Manning*, 1,134 tons, Capt. Sprague, which arrived in port Sunday from Boston for a cargo of cross-ties from Brown & Co., is the largest vessel of its class that ever entered this port. The *Talofa*, which was here some years ago, had a larger net tonnage, but the one now in port has the larger gross tonnage, which mariners say is the only really uniform method of determining the size.

The schooner *Isaac K. Stetson* arrived yesterday with a cargo of coal.

The British steamship *Khio* cleared yesterday for Baltimore to load with grain.

The schooner *Nellie Floyd* cleared yesterday with a cargo of lumber from the Cape Fear Lumber Company.

Will Leave for Galveston.

Mr. Claude Gore, one of Wilmington's esteemed young men and a son of Mr. D. L. Gore, of this city, will leave to-day for Galveston, Texas, which city he will make his future home. Mr. Gore will engage in the cotton mill business, holding a position with one of the large textile industries there. The best wishes of numerous friends will go with him to his new home.

Raising of the Hawes.

The tug *Imperial* got to work late yesterday afternoon in pumping out the hull of the sunken steamer *Hawes*, she having been raised sufficiently to admit of the same. Very little progress was made, however, which indicates that she must have went down as the consequences of a very bad leak. Capt. Wessell will begin work again to-day with the tug and more successful results are hoped to be obtained.

L'Arioso's January Dance.

At a meeting of the governing board of L'Arioso German Club, held yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock, it was decided to give the January german on the 29th inst. Music will be furnished for the dance by Hollowbush's Orchestra, of Raleigh.

THE SUPERIOR COURT

January Term for New Hanover County Convened by Judge Hoke Yesterday.

THE STRAUSS DAMAGE SUIT

Was Taken Up According to Calendar First in the Morning and Will Likely Require Three Days for Trial—Other Notes.

Probably half, if indeed not more, of the first week of the Spring term of New Hanover County Superior Court, which convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, Judge W. A. Hoke, of Lincolnton, presiding, promises to be consumed in the hearing of the suit brought by Mrs. Jessie B. Strauss, executrix, vs. the City of Wilmington, which was entered upon the first thing after the preliminaries of the opening of court. The suit has been pending for nearly three years and is one in which the plaintiff seeks to recover $25,000 damages of the city for injuries alleged to have been received by her husband, Mr. W. H. Strauss, in falling into a street excavation on January 11th, 1896, around which were not thrown the usual and proper safeguards to pedestrians passing in that vicinity, and from which injuries the plaintiff's testator ultimately died in April of the same year. The case has been continued from term to term, and once, in October, 1899, it reached the jury, but a mistrial was had, it having been given out at the time that of the twelve men designated to determine upon the issue, eleven were for awarding $4,000 damage and the twelfth stood immovable for $5,000.

The attorneys and others now appear to be determined upon disposing of the suit so far as the lower court is concerned and yesterday the case was hard fought as between Messrs. Marsden Bellamy & Sons, A. J. Marshall, Esq., and Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy for the complainant and Messrs. Rountree & Carr, City Attorney Meares and E. K. Bryan, Esq., for the defendant city. The plaintiff's attorneys had not finished the examination of their witnesses when the court adjourned for the day at 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon, and attorneys say the earliest possible time at which the case is likely to be concluded is Wednesday noon.

All the court officers were in attendance upon the opening of court yesterday morning except Col. Jno. D. Taylor, the clerk, whom the STAR regrets to note, is still confined to his home by illness. Mr. T. O. Bunting is very acceptably filling the position in Col. Taylor's absence. Solicitor Duffy arrived in the afternoon and took up his duties.

Of the regular jurors summoned for the week Messrs. S. Solomon, E. J. Flanagan, R. B. Lewis and Capt. Jno. F. Divine were excused for the term and Mr. J. F. Wishart for the day on account of the illness of one of his children. It was agreed to take up the criminal docket upon the assembling of the court at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, but this was dispensed with and it will likely not be taken up for a day or two.

It took nearly two hours for the selection of a jury in the Strauss suit and all the peremptory challenges were exhausted and a number were made for cause. The jury at length empanelled is composed of Messrs. J. H. LeGwin, W. G. Fergus, Geo. T. Bland, O. A. Wiggins, E. Hewlett, A. C. Penton, J. W. Barnes, Jr., Walker Taylor, E. W. Rogers, A. Bremer, F. A. Mason and J. B. Dempsey.

The witnesses heard during the morning and afternoon sessions were Messrs. W. H. Strauss, W. H. Shaw, A. S. Holden, W. A. French, Jr., Dr. T. S. Burbank, Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy, Capt. T. D. Meares, Messrs. E. A. Orrell, B. C. Moore, and Julius Taylor. Mr. W. M. Howey was on the stand when adjournment was had for the day. Other witnesses for examination are Dr. W. J. Love, Mrs. J. B. Strauss, Miss Mattie Strauss, Miss Lizzie Otten, Messrs. W. H. Alderman, J. P. Quelch, C. M. Harriss, E. M. Dennent, and T. J. Pac. The defendant's attorneys will also have a number of witnesses for introduction.

The court will be convened again this morning at 10 o'clock. The following talismen have been ordered summoned by Sheriff Stedman for duty to-morrow: J. O. Brown, W. L. Duke, L. C. Sutton, D. H. Penton, Alonzo Hewlett, G. T. Shepard, W. H. Hardy, Jas. I. Metts, R. F. Rowan, R. L. Johnson, Jno. J. Piner, M. F. Beasley, W. H. H. Todd, W. G. Guthrie, W. G. Craig, Henry Tietgen, R. L. Sanford, J. E. Marshburn.

Just before adjournment for the day, Col. Jno. N. Staples, of Greensboro, attorney for the defendant in the case of W. E. Worth, receiver, vs. Capt. B. J. Fisher, addressed the court and seemed at a loss to know why his suit was not placed on the calendar on the first day, as ordered by Judge Moore at last term. The error of the local attorneys in arranging the cases was explained and Judge Hoke requested those interested to agree upon a day for a hearing of the same and to report this morning. The case involves the non-payment of stock to an ice and fuel company, of Greensboro, of which Mr. Worth was appointed receiver.

Off to Attend Wedding.

Mr. E. L. Matthews, of the A. C. L. shops here, left last night for Elm City to attend the marriage Wednesday of his brother, Mr. Lonnie P. Matthews, of the A. C. L., at Rocky Mount, to Miss Lillie Whitney, of Elm City.

THE CRESCENT STOCK COMPANY.

An Excellent Attraction Last Night to a Crowded Wilmington Audience.

The Crescent Stock Company inaugurated at the Opera House last night a week of drama and comedy, which bids fair to be a great success. A packed house witnessed the initial performance entitled, "Forgiven," and by continued applause and laughter heartily manifested its appreciation. Pathos and mirth interspersed the entire play and at times there were really clever situations, which rounded off the performance in a very pleasing manner. The company is an excellent one and deserves great credit for magnificent entertainment at so small a price.

The Ladies' Symphony Orchestra is a special attraction and is a show in itself. Then, too, there is Guy Woodward, who is certain to make one laugh, and there are other artists in the caste of really a very high order. The "Standing Room Only" sign was out early last night, notwithstanding a counter attraction in another part of the city, and to-night there promises to be equally as large an audience, when the amusing comedy, "A Crazy Idea," will be presented.

45TH ANNUAL CELEBRATION.

Howard Relief Company Making Preparations for the Notable Occasion.

The Howard Relief Company met last night and made preparations for its forty-fifth anniversary celebration, the date for which falls on February 20th, but on account of its coming during Lent, it was decided to celebrate it on the 13th of February a week earlier.

The officers of the company will compose the committee of arrangements as follows: Messrs. M. Rathjen, J. W. Duls, J. G. L. Gieschen, M. Schnibben, H. T. Duls and H. L. Vollers. The committee will meet Thursday afternoon to further arrange for the event.

An Enjoyable Entertainment.

The Olmsted-Potwin-Broneman Company appeared at the Y. M. C. A. last evening before one of the largest audiences ever assembled in the auditorium. The programme of music, recitation and reading was admirably presented. "The Kitchen Clock," a recitation by Miss Broneman, was splendid and the audience responded with delighted applause. Her reading of "Enoch Arden," with the piano and violin accompaniment by Mr. Olmsted and Miss Potwin, respectively, was dramatic and carried with it a feeling and pathos of that beautiful but sad psalm. Miss Gertrude Miriam Potwin's selections on the violin were very good and she fully sustained her reputation as being a true artist with the bow. The performance was the third attraction in the Popular Course and was well received.

A Noted Methodist Divine.

Bishop W. W. Duncan, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will preach at Grace Methodist Church on Sunday, February 10th. The Young People's Organ Fund Society will make the day the occasion for a big rally at which they hope to complete the fund for the new pipe organ. Bishop Duncan is one of the most able ministers of his Church and is a pulpit orator of high repute. He will no doubt be heard by a very large congregation and the day will in every way come up to the expectations of the Society.

Presented to Capt. White.

Saturday evening at his home, No. 903 Market street, Capt. C. H. White who recently retired as a commanding officer of the Wilmington Light Infantry, was the recipient of a very handsome token of esteem from the honorary members of the company, proper and the members of the Reserve Corps. The gift was a very handsome watch charm and medallion and was presented through Col. F. W. Kerchner. A short time ago Capt. White was presented with a handsome watch by members of the active company.

Dr. Wells Has Accepted.

At the morning service at the First Presbyterian Church Sunday, a letter was read from the Rev. Jno. M. Wells, Ph.D., of Staunton, Va., to Mr. B. F. Hall, secretary of the session, stating that he would accept the call to the pastorate of the congregation recently extended him. The announcement was received with pleasure by those present. Dr. Wells intimated in his letter that he would probably preach his first sermon here as pastor on February 17th.

Handsome New Cars.

Three new postal cars, two new express cars and one combination baggage and express car will be turned out from the A. C. L. shops this week. The postal and express cars are for the A. C. L.'s fast through train, "The Florida Special." The postal cars will run through from Washington to Tampa and the express cars from Jersey City to Tampa. The cars are elegantly finished and furnished and the gold leaf lettering on the outside is very attractive and costly.

Marriage at Acorn Branch.

Mr. Benjamin B. Trask and Miss Lille Westbrook were happily married at six o'clock Sunday evening at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Westbrook, at Acorn Branch, by Justice James McGowan. The impressive ceremony was witnessed by a large assemblage of friends of the popular young couple. An elegant wedding supper was served.

BEFORE THE MAYOR.

Municipal Court Docket Crowded Yesterday With Saturday Night Drunks.

In the Municipal Court yesterday morning there was a large docket, but most of the offences were of a trivial nature.

The charges against Walter Way, preferred by Capt. Mart Jones, were withdrawn and he was discharged. The latter will be tried to-morrow for disorderly conduct. He has sufficiently recovered from his recent wound to be out.

Ed. Brown, colored, was sent over to the Criminal Court for stealing three pairs of shoes Saturday night from the store of Mr. E. N. Penny, at foot of Market street. The negro had been trading in the store early that night and came back later in the evening in a drunken condition and tried to exchange the shoes for some that were his size, and the theft was detected. He was sent to jail.

Leroy Perry, colored, was sent to the county roads for thirty days for being drunk and disorderly.

There were a number of other cases for minor offences, for which the Mayor imposed fines and costs aggregating $40.

THE WILMINGTON PRESBYTERY

Held a Called Meeting at Warsaw Yesterday—Several Matters Acted Upon.

At a called meeting of the Wilmington Presbytery yesterday at Warsaw, the First Presbyterian Church of this city was granted permission to prosecute the call of Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph. D.

James Sprunt Institute was authorized to apply for incorporation.

The Presbytery decided to postpone the next regular meeting, which is to be held at Clinton, one week, which will then be the 10th of April.

Rev. A. D. McClure and Mr. B. G. Worth went up to attend the meeting and returned last night.

A RAILROAD PROJECT.

Company Wants Charter to Run Line from Raleigh This Way.

The Raleigh *Post* of Friday says: "A movement is on foot for the construction of a new railroad line from Raleigh to tide-water. Application will be made to the General Assembly during the present session for a charter for such a road, notice to this effect being given in another column of this issue of the *Post*. The name of the proposed new new road is the Raleigh and Southern Railway Company, and their application for charter will ask power to construct, purchase, maintain and operate a line of railroad from some point on the Raleigh and Augusta Air Line railroad between New Hill and the city of Raleigh or some point on the North Carolina railroad between Durham and Asburn, to tide-water at some point on the Atlantic coast between Swansboro, in Onslow county and Calabash, in Brunswick county."

Will Present a Play.

A dramatic club composed of the very best local talent in Wilmington will present the ludicrous comedy, "My Friend from India," about the third week in February. The female personnel will be made up mostly of members of the St. Cecelia Guild, of St. James' Church, and the male contingent will be exclusively from members of the order of Elks. The proceeds from the play will go to these two institutions. Those who are to take parts will meet to-night to run over the lines and select the cast of characters.

Decorated in Lee's Honor.

In mentioning the number of incidents in connection with the observance of Lee's birthday on Saturday, the STAR inadvertently omitted a very pleasing expression of sentiment by Capt. Brown, of the British steamship *Buckminster*, now loading cotton at the Champion Compress. Capt. Brown had his fine ship gayly bedecked in flags and bunting in honor of the day. Capt. Brown is well liked in Wilmington and the South and is one of the cleverest steamship masters that visits this port.

Front Street Property Sold.

The N. Jacobi Hardware Company yesterday, through its attorneys, Messrs. Marsden Bellamy & Sons, purchased from John W. Cotten, Jr., J. C. Cotten, and Dr. D. T. Tayloe and wife, the two stores and lot 42x117 feet in size, on South Front street, one of which is now occupied by the company and the other, adjoining, was recently occupied by Messrs. Munroe & Kelley. The purchase price was $7,750.

Improvements to Club.

It is learned that at its recent annual meeting the Cape Fear Clubdecided to very greatly improve and modernize its already handsomely appointed building on Front street, and that between $6,000 and $7,000 will be expended in this way. The Governing Board is now consulting with architects relative to the work.

Prof. Woodrow Wilson Returned.

Prof. Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University, who came here several days ago to visit his father, Rev. Joseph R. Wilson, D. D., who has been quite sick, but who is now much improved, left last night, returning home. Prof. Wilson, while in the city, was the guest of Mr. James Sprunt.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a cheap wrapping paper.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Constitutional Amendment Introduced in the House by Representative Carson.

AIMED AT ALL TRUSTS.

Bill Requiring Officers of Corporations to Make Affidavits as to Character of Business—Senator Morton Presents a Measure.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., January 21.—The constitutional amendment was introduced in the House of Representatives to-day by Mr. Carson, of Alexander county. The bill proposes to amend sections 4, 5 and 6, of Article I., which makes provision for the method of districting the State for the election of Representatives and Senators. The bill attracts special attention for the reason that it provides for the exclusion of negroes in the enumeration of the population of districts. The amendment expressly says the basis of population for districts is to be ascertained by "excluding negroes, aliens and Indians not taxed."

Other notable bills introduced in the House were:

By Ebbs, to prevent kidnapping, by making the punishment twenty years in the penitentiary.

By Robeson, to prevent pools and trusts, by requiring officers of corporations to make affidavits that they are not connected with trusts.

By Carson, to restore the writ of mandamus to assert dignity.

By McKethan, defining the liability of insurance companies, by providing that in case of loss by fire the amount of insurance on real property be considered the true value of the same.

By Duls, to protect primray elections and conventions.

By Curtis, to tax dealers in pistols $100; the proceeds for public school funds.

Among bills that passed final reading were the following; To prevent erection of artificial islands on Myrtle Grove Sound; to give notary publics the right to administer oaths; to appoint justices of the peace of Rockingham county.

Mr. Baldwin introduced a petition from the University Alumni asking an increased appropriation.

A joint resolution was adopted by the House and Senate that the ballot for United States Senator be cast jointly at noon to-morrow. The solid Democratic vote will be for Simmons and the Republican vote for Richmond Pearson.

In the Senate to-day the following notable bills passed: To amend the charter of Concord, to amend section 1405 of the Code.

The Senate in executive session received a message from Governor Aycock nominating Jas. R. Young insurance commissioner. The nomination was confirmed.

Among the bills introduced in the Senate were:

By Woodard, to change the dividing line of Wilson and Pitt counties.

By Broughton, to erect an auditorium building at the A. and M. College and provide for support of the college. The bill carries appropriations of about $75,000.

By Morton (by request), to protect diamond backed terrapins in New Hanover county.

THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The report of Miss Carrie L. Price, secretary of the Associated Charities, shows receipts and disbursements for the months of July, August, September, October, November and December as follows:

Receipts—New Hanover county, $750; Ladies' Aid Society of Second Advent Church, $5; Base Ball Club, $1; Cash, $9; Mrs. W. L. Harlow, $1.25; Cash, $25; Bishop A. A. Watson, $25; Mr. and Mrs. N. N. Davis, $5; Miss Lizzie Waddell, $2; E. S. Martin, $25; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Carman, $2; Cash, $25; Order of Elks, $49.61; Mrs. W. L. Parsley, $25; M. G. Tiencken, $1; Mrs. L. Meginney, $1; A Friend, $100; Cash, $5; Mrs. Elizabeth Latimer, $20; Wm. Latimer, $20; A Friend, $100. Total, $1,196 86.

Expenses—Secretary's salary, $150; Catharine Kennedy Home, $75; orphans, $35; groceries, $666.11; rent for those in need, $55; cash help, $44 10; janitor, $11.25; railroad fares, $18 92; wood, $61.40; unloading wood, $12; funeral expenses, $6.50; shoes, $3; nourishment for sick, $0.25; printing, $4 00; postage and stionary, $1 08; work on office, $1.65. Total, $1,045.26.

In this connection the STAR is asked by one deeply interested in the work of the Associated Charities to say that the contributions of clothing, shoes, etc., have been less this year than before and that many articles of wearing apparel could now be used with great advantage.

Daughters of the Confederacy.

Cape Fear Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, will hold its regular monthly meeting at the W. L. I. armory at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. Matters of much importance will be discussed, and it is urged that there be a full attendance. The annual dues will be collected this afternoon.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

J. W. NORWOOD, PRES. D. L. GORE, VICE-PRES.
ANDREW MORELAND, CASHIER.

The Atlantic National Bank, of Wilmington, N. C.

Capital, . . . $ 125,000.00
Surplus, &c., $ 125,000.00
Resources, . $1,571,000.00

DEPOSITS—We want your account. Write to us.
LOANS—Made on best terms.
COLLECTIONS a specialty.
EXCHANGE bought and sold.
SAFETY BOXES in one of the best vaults in the South.

DIRECTORS:
P. L. BRIDGERS, D. L. GORE, S. P. McNAIR, G. A. NORWOOD
E. J. POWERS, H. B. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER, H. L. VOLLERS,
C. W. WORTH, J. W. NORWOOD, J. L. COKER.
jan 22 tf

FOX RIVER BUTTER.

50 SMALL TUBS FOX RIVER BUTTER
15 LARGE TUBS FOX RIVER BUTTER.
1,300 BUSHELS VIRGINIA MEAL.
5 CAR-LOADS CORN
175 CAR-LOADS OTHER GOODS.

D. L. GORE CO.,
193, 192 and 194 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.
jan 22 tf

Opera House
ONE WEEK, COMMENCING Monday, Jan. 21.
THE CRESCENT STOCK CO.,
including
MISS CARRIE LOUIS,
H. GUY WOODWARD,
and the
LADIES' SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Prices,.....10, 20, 30 cents.
TO-NIGHT,
"A CRAZY IDEA."
Saturday Matinee a Ladies' Gold Watch given away. Saturday night Cash Prize of Fifteen Dollars.
jan 22 tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States in the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of H. L. Fennell, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, Hardy L. Fennell, of Wilmington, in the county of New Hanover, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 19th day of November, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.
Dated this 18th day of January, A. D. 1901.
H. L. FENNELL, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss.: On this 19th day of January, A. D. 1901, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1901 before the said Court, at the office of the undersigned referee, in Fayetteville, N. C., in the said district, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in the said district, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1901.
SAMUEL H MACRAE,
jan 22 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States in the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of D. D. McIntyre, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. D. D. McIntyre, of Laurinburg, in the county of Scotland, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 17th day of December, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.
Dated this 18th day of January, A. D. 1901.
D. D. MCINTYRE, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina, ss. On this 19th day of January, A. D. 1901, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1901, before the said Court, at the office of the undersigned referee in Fayetteville, N. C., in the said district, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in the said district, and that all known creditors, and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
Witness my hand at Fayetteville, in the said district, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1901.
SAMUEL H MACRAE,
Jan 22 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

For Sale.
TO HOUSEKEEPERS AND INVESTORS, ON EASY TERMS.
Desirable Lots and Houses at Lambert's Point; the industrial suburb of Norfolk, Virginia.
Five large Factories, and the N. & W. Railroad shops, give employment to a large number of men and women, and are constantly calling for additional hands.
Two electric car lines afford transportation to all points in the city for 5 cents fare.
Values of property in this section are constantly advancing and offer opportunities for profitable investments.
Norfolk county is growing rapidly; its population, with the cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth, embraced in it was by census of 1890, 77,008; by census of 1900, 114 831.
For prices, terms, etc., apply to
MYERS & CO.,
jan 20 1w 140 Main street, Norfolk, Va.

For Sale.
200 Cases Pie Peaches.
100 Cases Table Peaches.
200 Boxes Star Lye.
200 Boxes Mendleson's Lye.
100 Bags Coffee.
100 Barrels Molasses.
25 Barrels Vinegar.
500 Boxes Plug Tobacco,
Cigars, Cheroots, Smoking Tobacco, Matches, Soap, and lots of other goods for sale at close prices.
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.
Wholesale Grocer,
jan 19 tf 18 Market street.

WHEN YOU KNOW
our Furniture, you know what is good. If you don't know it, it will pay you to get acquainted.
We show an unexcelled assortment of
Medium Priced Bedroom Suites
in new and desirable designs. The material, workmanship and finish is of a high order. These prices talk of cheapness but cannot tell of values.
MUNROE & KELLY,
No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 115. jan 20 tf

A Change in Business.
I wish to inform my friends and the public generally that I have bought the entire business of THE KING GROCERY CO., and will continue it on the same principle that has always characterized its policy.
SPOT CASH.
NO TIME.
NO DISCOUNT.
NO CREDIT.
Everything must be exactly as represented or money refunded. We thank you very much for your liberal patronage to the old firm in the past, and hope by fair dealing, courteous treatment and prompt service to merit a continuance of your support.
J. L. MIDDLETON,
SUCCESSOR TO
THE KING GROCERY CO.
Fourth Street Bridge.
'Phones 987. th tu sa jan 22 tf

Choice and Exclusive.
Naming a price without regard to quality does not make a continued successful business. You may put on the public an inferior goods one time and maybe two times, but not all the time. We are in the Cigar business to win; and knowing it is only a question of quality that counts with a discriminating public, we have made it a question of Quality first, Quality last, and Quality all the time. We positively claim
THAT "Renown," "Cuban Blossom" Cigars
ARE THE BEST VALUE FOR THE MONEY
sold on any market. If your grocer won't sell them because of the small margin of profit to him, we can tell you who does.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
Cigar Manufacturers' Agents.
jan 6 tf

THE EXPENSES PUT ON YOUR LAND DEMAND THAT
You Should Plant Only the Best Seed.
WE OFFER.....
Houlton Early Rose and Early Ohio Seed Potatoes. Very fine N. C. Seed Oats. Fertilizers made by the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., and Fertilizers not made by that company, at low prices and reasonable terms.
INQUIRIES AND ORDERS SOLICITED.
A Complete line of General Groceries.
Mail orders obtain as much attention and as low prices as personal orders.
The Worth Company.
jan 16 tf

Our Loss
Has Been Adjusted
with the Insurance Companies, OUR HOME CO., "The Wilmington Underwriters," with Col. Walker Taylor, its efficient, prompt and energetic agent being first to settle.
We wish to thank all the agents concerned who showed us courtesies pending the settlement.

The Fire Sale
is now on, and we are too busy to enumerate the hundreds of bargains we are moving. If you don't get your pick, blame yourself only.
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS COMPANY.
jan 9 tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS
in Fancy Clocks and Silver Novelties. Will sell at very close profits. Call and examine my line of goods and get my prices, and suit yourself as to where you buy. Notice the Show Windows.
J. T. BURKE, The Jeweler.
No. 27 South Front street.
dec 25 tf

Look In!
My Show Windows for Daily Reduction Bargains.
N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
111 Market street.
Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 671.
jan 20 tf

The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22.

A MOMENTOUS PROBLEM

We have not had occasion for some time to commend the utterances of ex-President Cleveland, but we have always recognized his ability and the force with which he presents his views. With the exception of his position on the money question he hues close to the line of Democracy and to the precedents set by the men who shaped public policies in the better days of the Republic. He was the principal speaker at the annual dinner of the Holland Society in New York last Thursday evening and chose for his theme expansion as it is understood and attempted to be carried out by the men who are now shaping the policies and the destinies of this country. After some brief remarks in reference to the society and the occasion he said:

"In this assemblage the question is suggested whether in present conditions this conservatism characterizes the conduct or guides the sentiment of our people. There can be but one answer to this question: Conservatism has in a great degree been jauntily cast aside, or condemned as opposed to our country's welfare and glory. A strange voyage has been entered upon without count of cost, and without chart or compass. The tried and sure foundations of our liberty and national happiness have been discredited. Reverence for our national traditions has been relaxed, and satisfaction with our country's mission has been undermined. The restraints and limitations of our constitution have become galling and irksome under the temptations of our national greed and aggrandizement. Our old love of peace, honor and justice has been weakened, and frugality and contentment are not now traits inseparable from American character.

"War, even with the world's advanced civilization, may be still sometimes necessary and justifiable; but whether necessary and justifiable or not, the demoralization that follows in its train can never be evaded. It teaches bloody instructions, which, in a country whose citizens do the fighting, cannot fail to leave their impress—for a time, at least—upon public and private life in time of peace.

"Thirty years after the close of the war for the preservation of the union, a treaty of arbitration was formulated between the United States and Great Britain, which, if completed, would have gone far toward removing every pretext of war between the two countries. Thus these two English speaking nations then assumed leadership in the path of peace and in advocacy of the abolition of war, with the hope and expectation that the example would be followed by other nations, and that a more general adoption of arbitration as a means of settling disputes would result in a great advance toward the abandonment of war throughout the world. This treaty failed of confirmation in the Senate of the United States. Less than five years have passed, and these English-speaking champions of peace and arbitration are still operating on parallel lines—one in the Philippines and the other in South Africa—but no longer for peace and arbitration. Both are killing natives in an effort to possess their lands. This indicates a sad relapse; and in our case it is a most serious one. If England succeeds in her attempt in South Africa, she will but add another to her list of similar acquisitions; a brave people will be subjugated; and because of our engagement in a similar venture in another quarter, they will miss the expressions of American sympathy which we are accustomed to extend to those who struggle for national life and independence. On the other hand, with success in our subjugation effort, a new, untried and exceedingly perilous situation will be forced upon us. We can conquer the Filipinos; and after conquering them, can probably govern them. It is in the strain upon our institutions, the demoralization of our people, the evasion of our constitutional limitations, and the perversion of our national mission, that our danger lies.

"As a distinguished bishop has said: 'The question is not what we shall do with the Philippines, but what the Philippines will do withus.'

"Our country will never be the same again. For weal or woe, we have irrevocably passed beyond the old lines.

"The republic will in some sort be saved. Shall it be only in name and semblance, with fair external appearance, but with the germs of decay fastened upon its vitals; or shall it, though changed, still survive in such vigor and strength as to remain the hope and pride of free Americans?

The problem is a momentous one. Its solution depends upon the extent to which the old patriotism and good sense of our countrymen can be rescued from impending danger.

"Thus, these are sober days for thoughtful citizens—days for preaching, days for sermonizing. If we are to be saved from disaster, it must be through the cultivation and enforcement of that sort of conservatism that would find a congenial home in the Holland society. In the midst of reckless tumult and in the confused rage of national greed and bloodiness, this conservatism should defiantly stand forth and demand a hearing. Let it be known that American freedom and popular rule cannot perish except through the madness of those who have them in their keeping. And by the blood and sacrifices of our fathers, by the lofty achievements of the free institutions they established, by our glorious victories of peace, and by our reliance on the promises of God, let Dutch conservatism enjoin upon our people a faithful discharge of their sacred trust!

There is no scolding in this, no vituperation, no denunciation of men or of parties. There is not a sentence in it that is not in accord with the teachings of the Fathers, under whose conservatism, patriotism and far-seeing wisdom this country became great and mighty. There is not a sentence in it that does not contain food for serious thought, and might not be profitably pondered upon by the American people and by the men in Washington who have temporary control of the Government.

There are some striking and suggestive points in it, one where he speaks of the demoralization of wars, whether justifiable or not, in which he is borne out by the records of history. They beget a familiarity with bloodshedding, which results in a low estimate of the value of human life, and a callousness to human suffering. Men who go through a war become to some extent lawless and desperate, contract a contempt for civil authority, and it is some time before they can settle down and contentedly pursue the pathways of peace. It takes time to overcome the reckless, dare-devil habits contracted in war. Last year there were a thousand or more homicides committed in this country than there were the year before, and the year before there were many more committed than in the preceding year. These were not committed by men who were or had been soldiers, but they were doubtless in a great measure the result of the indifference to bloodshedding stimulated by the war spirit, and we have not the slightest doubt that history will show more murders in all countries in the years succeeding wars than in the same number of years preceding them. The same might be said of highway robberies and other high crimes.

While these are some of the deplorable effects of the war spirit on the soldier, it has its demoralizing influence on the civilian also, for it begets a rage for speculation and peculation, taking advantage of the opportunity to get rich quickly by methods little short of robbery, as illustrated in the frauds perpetrated on Governments and the advantage taken of their necessities to enrich the greedy.

We had illustrations of this in the war with Spain, when vessels were sold to the Government after being appraised by Government officers, which after short service were re-appraised by Government officers and sold for a fourth or a fifth of what the Government had paid for them a year or so before. Of course that was sheer swindling and is but an illustration of many that might be cited showing how Governments are defrauded in times of war by men who furnish ships and make contracts for army and navy supplies of various kinds.

This spirit of plunder was even more rife in the days of the war between the States because the war was a more stupendous one, lasted longer and the opportunities to make millions by plunder were so much the greater and more numerous. The foundation of some of the colossal fortunes in this country were laid in those days and grew out of just such robbery of the Government. We have never fully recovered from the demoralizing effects of that war and probably never will.

We are now waging war in contempt of the teachings and the warnings of the Fathers of the Republic, for territorial acquisition and commercial expansion, but if we were to succeed in grasping half the earth and in monopolizing the trade of the world it would not offset the harm done by fostering this spirit of conquest and greed and encouraging this departure from the landmarks of true Democracy—government of the people, for the people and by the people."

TAXING DOGS.

Judging from the tone of the press, generally speaking, taxing dogs ought to be popular, but judging from the way legislators pull back when that is proposed they must think it is very unpopular. A year or so ago the Legislature of Georgia passed a bill taxing dogs a dollar a head, the act to go into effect in March of this year, but the next Legislature promptly repealed it before it had a trial, and that Legisature has been scathingly scored for that by people who believe that sheep, pigs, poultry, etc., are more valuable than prowling dogs and entitled to as much protection as the dogs that roam at large far from the premises of their owners, if they have owners.

A bill to tax dogs has been introduced in the Tennessee Legislature, which, like the North Carolina Legislature, has wrestled with this problem more or less for years. But it doesn't seem to be universally popular, if we may judge from the following, which we clip from the Chattanooga *Times*:

"A member of the Legislature had the courage to introduce a bill for the protection of sheep by taxing dogs And he has been greeted with the horse laugh by some cheap editors and cheaper politicians.

"He deserves honor. His bill is in the right direction. Every State pretending to advanced enlightenment has such a law, and the laws do great good. By reducing the number of worthless curs they lessen the danger of hydrophobia. The policy that induces the people to keep none but such dogs as they are willing to pay tax on, virtually exterminates the kill sheep canines.

"A dog tax, rigidly enforced, would be worth millions, yearly, many millions, to Tennessee. We have fewer sheep than little Vermont. Our flocks are not worth half as much as Vermont's. The latter State taxes every dog $2, every bitch $5, and there are but 20,000 dogs in the State. The money raised by the levy goes to renumerate farmers whose sheep are killed by marauding dogs—of which there are precious few; the residue is covered into the school fund.

"It is just as legitimate, and if we expect to have any sheep worth counting, it is as necessary to protect them in Tennessee from dogs, as it is to protect them in Texas from coyotes and timber wolves.

"The legislator who offered the bill to tax dogs has the respect and good will and good wishes of every man of sound sense in the State."

A member of our Legislature from Rockingham county has introduced a bill to tax dogs a dollar a head, but so far has not been greeted by "the horse laugh of the cheap editors and cheaper politicians." Perhaps this kind of fellow is not as numerous in North Carolina as in Tennessee.

As far as we know while the average editor in North Carolina, and the average white citizen, likes a good dog, he believes that there ought to be some curtailment in the number of worthless curs that do much harm and are no good to any one, not even agreeable to look upon. There isn't a word in this extract from the Chattanooga paper which does not apply with equal force to North Carolina. Towns and cities in the State tax dogs, and why shouldn't the State which has more reason to do it, tax them? The owner of a good and useful dog should be willing to pay a reasonable tax on him, while the owner of a worthless dog ought to be taxed for harboring a nuisance at the cost of his neighbors.

WHEN AMERICA LEADS.

The progress this country has made in manufacturing, especially within the past two decades has excited not only the admiration of Europe but also filled it with alarm. Annually our exports to foreign nations have increased to such an extent that the manufacturers of some of those countries are endeavoring to form some sort of a protective national league against American products. It must be remembered that this progress in forcing a way into European markets was made in the face of the much talked of "cheap labor" of Europe, against which our manufacturers were protected by a high tariff, which the high tariff advocates assert is the cause of all this progress. This is not true. The real cause will be found in the following, which we clip from the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, which says:

"No comparison could show more effectively the growth of the iron and steel industry of the United States than the following:

	Imports.	Exports.
1880	$54 060,720	$ 14,716,524
1890	20,476,524	121,858,344

"The imports of iron and steel were considerably greater last year than they were in 1898 or 1899, in each of which years they were less than $13,000,000. But we will not pick out a year for the purpose of making a striking comparison; we will take the last year as it stands, with the exports of iron and steel six times as great as the imports; twenty years ago the imports were nearly four times as great as the exports.

"This change is due to a reduction in the cost of production in this country Mr. Carnegie says in his interesting contribution to the *Evening Post's* history of the nineteenth century that he can scarcely believe the facts of his own experience that show that three pounds of steel, for each of which there must be two pounds of ore, one pound of coke and a third of a pound of limestone, all hauled considerable distances, can be made for two cents. They cannot be sold for that and cover the cost of investment and business risks, but he has found that three pounds of steel can be manufactured for two cents. This remarkable cheapness has been attained by the use of automatic machinery, in which America excels, and by continuous processes through which the material passes without handling and often without reheating. Transportation is carried on on the largest therefore cheapest scale, and every expense has been reduced except wages; here the economy has been effected by increasing its efficiency. Mr. Carnegie says that in one of the largest of our steel works the averge wages last year, including those of laborers and boys, exceeded $4 a day for every secular day in the year. 'Fewer men being employed,' he says, 'the labor cost per ton is less.' This is the secret of American growth as a great manufacturing power. In the early days of the factory system it was supposed that the minds of men would contract as they were employed in performing infinite repetitions of a single process; that a man who tended a shoe making machine would be less intelligent than a shoe maker. Mr. Carnegie says this is not true; the worker of to-day is intellectually the superior of the worker of fifty years ago.

"Mr. Carnegie does not venture into precise terms when he indicates the future, but that steel is at the bottom of all industries is evident enough, and the nation that has the cheapest steel has the cheapest railways, steamships and machinery. Is is doubtful, in his opinion, if the cost of making steel can be much further reduced, but of the capacity of the world for its consumption there seems to be no limit. The future of the United States, then, in its relations with the rest of the world is sufficiently indicated by the fact that we have the largest amount of materials for steel making and the most economical methods of production, and are already the cheapest steel makers in the world."

A considerate burglar man in Niles, Ohio, advised the gentleman and lady of the house not to get out of bed, as there was no fire and they might take cold. He thereupon proceeded to help himself to a lot of diamond rings, &c. He struck a watch but tossed that to the man on the bed, because the burglar man had all the time he wanted.

Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in Consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5.00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c. and $1 00. Trial bottles 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Elizabeth City *Economist*: According to the official census of 1900 Elizabeth City is the most progressive town in North Carolina, except Greensboro. It has doubled its population since 1890. And the census enumeration did not include its suburban population.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: At the present rate of telephone line building it will not be long until almost every farm house will have a telephone. The telephone system in this county is so perfect that news from the most remote part of the county can be transmitted to Monroe in thirty minutes.

— Winston *Journal*: Friday afternoon Bessie Libass, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Will Libass, who live on Southside, was burned to death. She was standing near an open fire place endeavoring to take something from a stew pan, when her dress caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished was burned so severely that death ensued within three hours.

— Greensboro *Record*: The police have been warned to look out for a sharp rascal going by the name of T. H Wells, who has been operating in various parts of the country recently with forged checks on the First National Bank of Chicago. He was in Danville recently and is described as 25 years old, five feet eight or nine, dark complexion and small dark mustache. He sometimes claims to represent the Harden Mfg. Co., of Chicago.

— Louisburg *Times*: We have heard a great many of our farmers say that they will not plant more cotton this year than they did in 1900. —— Report comes from Freeman's township that a school house in which a colored teacher, who had seen fit to vote for some of his white friends, was teaching, was burned one night last week. It is said that the "hot heads" among the negroes were not pleased with the fact that this teacher had been put in charge, and it is further rumored that this was the cause of the burning.

— Concord *Standard*: Mr. J. C. Furr, of Georgeville, was in the city to-day (Saturday) and made a statement of his experience in hen husbandry. He had fifty hens last year from which he sold 4,100 eggs, for which he received $40.80. He estimates that the feed cost about five cents per day—$18.25. With the expenses should be counted some depredations natural for chickens, but on the credit side should be placed all the eggs and chickens the family wanted to consume and a stock enlarged by fifteen hens. Mr. Furr is well pleased with his hens as a means of feathering his nest.

— Kinston *Free Press*: Messrs. Abbott & Jones have ordered an entire set of new machinery for their brick manufacturing plant at Clarks. This will give them a capacity of 50,000 brick a day. They expect to have the new machinery in operation by March. —— E. J. Kennedy was tried for bigamy Friday evening before Justice W. F. Dibble, There was not sufficient evidence to convict, and the case was dismissed. Mr. Dibble said, in discharging the man: "Mr. Kennedy, I may be doing wrong to turn you loose, but there is no evidence before me to show that you were ever married at all." Mr. Luke Russell had letters to show that Kennedy had a wife in Florida—there was a letter from the judge who performed the ceremony; one from the clerk of court, with the clerk's seal, stating that he was married in Florida—then there were three letters from the woman stating that Kennedy was her husband and that he was a bad, bad man. But this was not evidence, and the case had to be dismissed. Mr. Russell says he will send for the woman. One of the letters stated that Kennedy served two terms in the Florida penitentiary.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— If it is true that all the Transvaal mines are being consolidated in a single company, it will not hurt anybody. It cannot raise the price of gold to "all the public will stand," as our Trusts do with the necessaries of life.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— Whatever may be Senator Quay's political faults, the country recognizes him as a true and faithful representative of Pennsylvania Republicanism, and more that this is not expected of any statement in his place. — *Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— The arrangement now in progress among the citizens of New York to form a body of 5,000 vigilants "to watch the police" of that city is a significant commentary on the deplorable condition of municipal government in the great cities of the United States.—*Macon Telegraph, Dem.*

—— A curious industrial condition is reported by the Kansas bank commissioner, who says the elevators of that state are filled with wheat, which cannot be moved because the railroads are using all their cars—to comply with a Texas law—to move the Texas cotton crop. From this it would seem that a similar wouldn't be such a bad thing for Kansas.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

WINKLINGS.

— Made Him Cross.—"But he didn't call you a liar in set terms, did he?" asked the mollifier. "He might as well have done so. He said I had no more regard for the truth than an historical novelist."—*Life.*

— The Nurse—"I beg pardon, Mr. Stuffar, but Dr. Pillery says you eat too much. Mr. Stuffer—"Eat too much? Why, the thing is impossible, I shall have to get a new medical adviser."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Tess—"Jack proposed last night, and I accepted him." Jess—"Did you, dear? By the way, don't attempt to cut glass with the diamond, as I did, or you'll make another nick in the stone."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— Anxious: "I—er—beg your pardon, Miss Clara, but that was an awfully strong punch you made for me last night." "Why, it didn't do you any harm, did it?" "Well, I don't know. I have been worried to death ever since for fear I proposed to you."—*Life.*

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Guaranteed. †

THE HOME OF THE PLAGUE.

Why the Pestilence Is Bred In Chinese Cities.

One who has seen any of the towns and cities in China wonders little why disease and plague are prevalent. A correspondent who traveled in China writes that he once went to Fuchau, a town near the east coast, which is approached by way of the river Myn, one of the most picturesque waterways in the whole of the Celestial empire.

Ships have to anchor at the customs pagoda, from which persons are conveyed to Fuchau by sampan or steam launch, the distance being about ten miles.

Fuchau is considered one of the most filthy and overcrowded towns in China, and a person landing there cannot fail to notice the fact immediately he sets foot on shore. Everywhere there are teeming masses of dirty, ragged and half starved looking Celestials. The streets (alleyways would be a better term) are only about eight feet wide, and all metaled or paved with irregular lumps of stone and rock. On each side there are stagnant gutterways, which emit most noxious perfumes, causing one to hold a handkerchief to his nostrils the whole time he has to traverse the roads.

In the terribly hot weather the Chinaman places a plank of wood from his doorway on to the street, across the gutter, and takes his night's sleep, perhaps without a covering, perhaps in the clothes he has not had off for weeks.

Nearly every building is a shop, and outside every three or four are placed buckets of garbage—in some places holes full of it—which add to the sickening stench of the gutters. Every now and again one hears loud shouting in front of or behind him, which is an indication that all on foot must clear the way for some chair carriers, who are carrying upon their shoulders some important personage.

The sight on the main bridge spanning the river cannot be accurately described. Each side was crowded with stalls with goods of every description—dirty looking, tumble down affairs. Cripples and beggars were numerous, and there were also lepers; there were men with terrible sores, and two Chinamen lay half naked on the roadway, dying. There is a law in vogue in Fuchau that the first person who shall touch a man who has died in such a manner shall bury him. Very few, however, receive burial if they die on the bridge. The person who is unfortunate enough to touch the dead one waits until dark, and then, as the Americans say, "dumps" the departed into the river. Bodies are found nearly every day floating among the shipping or half buried in the mud when the water is low.—London Leader.

SELECTING A JURY.

Queer Faculty That Lawyers Sometimes Seem to Possess.

"Selecting a jury seems to be a matter of intuition with some lawyers," said a prominent member of the bar, "and those who are most successful at it are often unable to give any reasons. That man will be against us,' or 'That man will be for us,' they say, and make their challenges accordingly, but if you ask for the whys and wherefores they are nonplused. It is a most valuable faculty in an attorney and, boiled down, is of course nothing more or less than unconscious deduction from acute observation.

"One of the cleverest men in this line I ever knew in my life was the old lawyer in whose office I studied. The way 'the colonel,' as we called him, could spot a case of potential hostility in selecting a jury was next door to miraculous. I remember on one occasion he was representing a railroad company in a damage suit brought by a man who claimed to have received severe spinal injuries in an accident. His hurts were not visible to the eye; but, according to his story, he was in continual agony.

"One of the jurymen was a solemn looking chap who was in the grocery business. While the colonel was questioning him he noticed a little chain hanging out of his upper vest pocket. 'What's attached to that chain?' he asked abruptly. 'A pocket thermometer,' replied the juryman. Without assigning any definite reason the colonel tried desperately to get the man off, but the judge passed him.

"The jury gave a stiff verdict for the plaintiff, and it developed that the grocer had been his chief advocate. 'I knew he would oppose us as soon as I heard about that thermometer,' said the colonel afterward at the office. 'Any grocer who carries a pocket thermometer is necessarily a hypochondriac, and, as our defense was based on the theory that the plaintiff's injuries were entirely imaginary, the argument naturally gave this chap offense. He had probably heard that sort of talk applied to himself.'

"'Did you figure that out on the spot?' I asked.

"'No,' he said, 'but I felt it in my bones.'"—Exchange.

Sometimes Only a Lease.

"You never can tell just what kind of a document a marriage certificate is," said the real estate man thoughtfully.

"What do you mean by that?" asked the lawyer.

"Why, take the case of old man Jenkyns," returned the real estate man by way of illustration. "He thought his marriage certificate was a bill of sale and gave him absolute title to his wife."

"Didn't he?"

"Well, hardly. It turns out to have been no more than a lease."

"How so?"

"She has secured a divorce."—Chicago Post.

Owing to the old system of digging out diamonds Kimberley proper is built around a hole big enough to contain the entire white population of South Africa.

The surest guard against burglars is a black and tan terrier inside the house and a bull terrier outside.—Memphis Scimitar.

"Florida and Metropolitan Limited"
BY THE
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
"Florida and West India Short Line"
TO THE
Winter Resorts of the South.
The Only Line Operating Daily Limited Trains to Florida.

Effective January 14th, the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the only line operating daily limited trains to Florida, will put on its magnificent new train, "Florida and Metropolitan Limited," solid from New York via Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington to Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville and St. Augustine. Connections at Jacksonville for Tampa and all points and at St. Augustine for the East Coast. This train also carries Drawing Room Sleeping car New York to Atlanta. Leaves Boston 12:03 A. M., New York 12.55 P. M. (from 23rd Street Station Pennsylvania Railroad) Philadelphia 3:29 P. M., Baltimore 5:45 P. M., Washington 6:55 P. M., arriving at Southern Pines, N. C., 5:56 A. M., Columbia, S. C., 10:00 A. M., Savannah, Ga., 12:25 P. M., Jacksonville 3:50 P. M., St. Augustine 5:00 P. M., Tampa 6:30 A. M., Charlotte 9.51 A. M., Atlanta 4:35 P. M. Connections are made both at Miami on the East Coast and Port Tampa on the West Coast for Key West and Havana. The "Florida and Metropolitan Limited" is luxuriously equipped in every respect, with Pullman Drawing Room Car, Compartment Car with Drawing Room and State Rooms, Observation Car, through Day Coaches and unexcelled Pullman Dining Car service.

For further information call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway at 306 Washington street, Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third street, Philadelphia, 207 East German street, Baltimore; 1434 New York Ave., Washington, or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va. †

MOTHER AND CHILD

Let the mother take Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil for the two; it is almost never superfluous.

One can eat for two; but nourishing two is a different thing; it implies a degree of interior strength not often found in woman of either extreme.

Luxurious people are not very strong by habit, and overworked people are weak from exhaustion in some of their functions. Between the two is the happy mean; but how many women have plenty of life for two?

The emulsion is almost never superfluous.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	8½	@	8½
Standard	6	@	6½
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	10	@	12
Sides ℔ ℔	8	@	8½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	8	@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	7½	@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	7½	@	7¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 40	@	1 45
Second-hand machine		@	1 45
New New York, each		@	1 45
New City, each		@	1 45
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	7 00	@	7 50
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	@	25
Northern	24	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	54	@	55
Virginia Meal		@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 35
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	13
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	13	@	14
Dairy Cream	13½	@	14
Half cream	12½	@	13
COFFEE—			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	20 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	18 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 00	@	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	2 00	@	2 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight		@	4 00
Fine Patent	4 50	@	4 75
GLUE—℔ ℔—	9	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	57	@	59
Mixed Corn	55	@	56
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	64
Oats, from store	36	@	37½
Oats, car-load		@	40½
Cow Peas	70	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green Salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY—℔ ℔—			
No 1 Timothy	90	@	93
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	95
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2½	@	2½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6½	@	8½
North Carolina	7	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Sheathing and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	35
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	40
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	30	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	2 35
PORK ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	15 00
Rump		@	14 50
Prime		@	14 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	95
American	90	@	95
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	63
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅞	@	6
Standard A		@	5¾
White Ex C		@	5¾
Extra C, Golden		@	5¼
C Yellow		@	5
SOAP, ℔ ℔ Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	6 50	@	7 50
Prime mill	7 50	@	8 50
Extra mill	8 50	@	9 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	4 25	@	5 00
" Sap	3 00	@	3 50
5x20 Heart	3 25	@	3 50
" Sap	1 60	@	1 75
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schr Jno B Manning, 1,134 tons, Sprague, Boston, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Isaac K Stetson, 272 tons, Trask, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr Driver, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Stmr A J Johnson, Marley, Clear Run, by master.

Stmr Seabright, Price, Shallotte, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

Br steamship Khio, Williams, Baltimore, Heide & Co.

Schr Nellie Floyd, Nielsen, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Schr Nellie Floyd—317,000 feet lumber; cargo by Cape Fear Lumber Company; vessel by George Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 22, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

Isaac K Stetson, 272 tons, Trask, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Jno B Manning, 1,134 tons, Sprague, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Chas C Lane, 306 tons, Kelley, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Wm F Campbell, 169 tons, Strout, George Harriss, Son & Co.

W R Perkins, 143 tons, Gay, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Carrie A Bucknam, 235 tons, Torrey, J T Riley & Co.

Chas. H. Sprague, 360 tons, Harper, George Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Buckminster, 1,297 tons, Brown, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Chatfield, (Br) 1,904 tons, Hill, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, January 21.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Sales at 4 P. M. at 37½ cents per gallon for machine made casks at 37 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.20 per barrel for strained and $1.25 for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.30 per barrel for hard, $2.30 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 51@50½c; rosin firm at $1.20@1 25; tar firm at $1.25; crude turpentine steady at $1.60@2.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	88
Rosin	2,633
Tar	757
Crude turpentine	82

Receipts same day last year.—79 casks spirits turpentine, 1,232 bbls rosin, 614 bbls tar, 123 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 13-16	cts	℔
Good ordinary	6 15 16	"	"
Low middling	8 13-16	"	"
Middling	9¼	"	"
Good middling	9 9 16	"	"

Same day last year middling steady at 7¼c.

Receipts—929 bales; same day last year, 1,874.

Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 75c. Extra prime, 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 85c, Virginia—Prime 55c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm, 58 to 60 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 11 to 12½c per pound; shoulders, 8 to 9c; sides, 7 to 8c.

EGGS—Dull at 13 cents per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 22½@25 cents; springs, 12½@17 cts.

TURKEYS—Live, dull at 8 to 9c; dressed, 9 to 11c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25 cents.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½ cents per pound

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 50c.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Money on call was steady at 1½ per cent, Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¾ for demand and 483½@483⅝ for 60 days. Posted rates were 484@484½ and 488. Commercial bills 484¼. Silver certificates 64⅜@65⅜. Bar silver 63⅜. Mexican dollars 49. Government bonds firmer. State bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S refunding 2's reg'd, 105½; U. S. refund'g 3's, coupon, 105¼; U.S. 2's, reg'd,—; U.S. 3's, reg'd, 109½; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 136¼; do. coupon, 137¾; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 118¾; do. coupon, 113¾; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 110½; do. coupon, 111¾; Southern R'y 5's 112. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 86¼; Chesapeake & Ohio 37¾; Manhattan L 113½; N. Y. Central 141¾; Reading 30¾; do. 1st pref'd 69¾; St. Paul, 146¾; do. pref'd, 188; Southern Railway 18¾; pref'd 69¾; American Tobacco, 112½; do. pref'd 136; People's Gas 97¾; Sugar 133⅝; do. pref'd 118¼; T. C. & Iron 55¼; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. preferred 73½; Western Union 83. Standard Oil 792@798.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

LEA & PERRINS'
THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
Sauce

Beware of Imitations

This signature is on every bottle
Lea & Perrins

It is highly approved for the very agreeable zest which it imparts to Soups, Fish, Game, Hot and Cold Meats, Salads, Welsh Rarebits, etc.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, New York.

ja 15 1y

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 19
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 26
From Wilmington for New York.
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Jan. 19
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, Jan. 26
From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Jan. 22
SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Jan. 29

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, General Manager, 19 State street, New York.
jan 18 tf

We Have Sold Our Christmas Goods!

but we still have a full line of

Groceries,

Which we will sell as CHEAP as any others.

Give us a call and see for yourselves.

Williams Bros.,
Wilmington, N. C.
jan 15 tf

The Barber Shop.

It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.
We cut hair, too,
As well as shampoo.
GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.
P. S.—Brush the gentleman cap a pie.
sa tu tf

ROUSSEAU AND HIS LINEN.

An Amusing Document on a Theft From the Philosopher.

Among old police papers in the Bastille a curious interesting document has been discovered. It contains detailed information about the wardrobe of Jean Jacques Rousseau in the year 1750. The manuscript is not signed, but is undoubtedly in the handwriting of the philosopher himself. This entertaining "laundry list" has been reproduced in facsimile in the Revue d'Histoire Litteraire de la France. It relates to a theft that was committed on Christmas evening, 1750, in Rousseau's dwelling. It touched him at a tender point—that is to say, the thief found a particular attraction in Rousseau's linen, for which the latter, as appears in his "Confessions," had a special predilection. It was spread out on a table, fresh from the laundry, in a room where the thief gained an entrance, and, according to Rousseau's own account, there were missing "42 shirts of very fine linen that constituted the foundation of my wardrobe." The detailed description by Rousseau of the stolen garments which appears in the newly found report makes his grief comprehensible. It includes the following:

"Twenty-two everyday shirts of various kinds of linen, half Dutch, Guibert and other similar sorts. Trimmed, some with muslin of one color, some with cord. Some very pretty embroidered trimmings are a little worn. All the shirts have the letter R in blue on the right side. The sleeves are small, as for a very slender arm. Second, about a dozen collars; some old and unmarked have three buttonholes on one side; the other, newer, have four and on the reverse a blue R. Third, nine caps trimmed with rather coarse muslin discolored by the perspiration of the head, marked on top with a blue R. Fourth, four pocket handkerchiefs, one white and one of blue and white striped linen marked in the corner with a blue R. Fifth, a pair of linen stockings."

The theft seems to have had a moral effect upon him. He writes of it in the "Confessions" as follows: "This adventure took away my passion for fine linen, and since then I have never had more than three very ordinary shirts, which suited the rest of my clothes better."

LOCAL and CLIMATIC

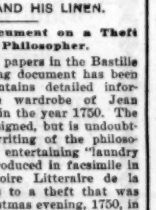
Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure

CATARRH.

The specific is

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly absorbed.
Gives Relief at once.
Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.



COLD IN HEAD

Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No injurious drug. Regular size, 50 cents; Family size, $1.00 at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.
sep 15 tf sa tu th

FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

SUCCULENT FORAGE.

Importance of Leguminous Crops and Temporary Pastures.

Just as it must be generally admitted that a system of diversified farming is preferable for the country at large so it must be agreed that succulent forage crops may be made to form a very important part in the rotations to be followed in practicing such a system, remarks T. A. Williams. In discussing the use of succulent forage he says: These crops can usually be grown in such a manner as not only not to interfere in any way with the regular yields of grain or other primary crops, but even to the great advantage of the latter on account of the direct beneficial effect which they may exert on the fertility of the soil. This is especially true of such leguminous crops as vetches, cowpeas and crimson clover.

A strong point in the favor of growing crops for succulent forage lies in the fact that an increased number of stock may be maintained on a given amount of land and that the dairy products may be very materially augmented both on account of the possibility of handling relatively larger numbers of milk cows and also of the greater returns that may be secured from each animal. This is of special significance in the older, more thickly settled portions of the country, as is also the fact that the keeping of this increased number of stock insures more manure for the land. This last is in itself an item of great importance in the maintenance of the fertility of the farm and, taken in connection with the direct beneficial effects upon the soil of many of the crops grown for soiling and ensiling, is a most substantial argument in favor of giving these crops a regular place in plans of crop rotations.

Another point in favor of the growing of these supplementary forage crops is the fact that the general health of farm stock may be kept in better condition, especially in winter, by the judicious use of succulent forage, which serves as an appetizer and promotes the digestion.

Too little place is given to temporary pastures on the average American farm, but one effect of the recent periods of drought has been to turn attention more strongly to this method of producing forage. Often it is much more profitable to furnish stock with succulent food in this way than by soiling, the extra labor and expense of cutting the crop and hauling or carrying it to the feeding place being saved. It is not always possible to keep sufficient help on the farm to attend to the work of soiling properly, but by the use of the temporary or annual pasture the stock may be supplied with the desired feed and the permanent pastures brought safely through a droughty season because of the lessened drain on their resources. True, this may not be the most economical manner of feeding succulent forage, owing to the waste from the trampling of the animals, but it is much better than keeping the stock on overgrazed pastures both as regards the condition of the animals and the future productiveness of the pastures.

In certain parts of the country, notably in the middle west and some sections of the south, this practice of sowing supplementary pastures has become much more common than formerly, partly because of the effect of drought on the yields of forage from the permanent meadows and pastures and partly through the increased demand for succulent feed arising from the growing interest in dairying and the increase of stock on farms heretofore largely devoted to the raising of cotton and grain.

In the main the crops that are grown for soiling can be also used in these supplementary pastures, but there are certain varieties which are best adapted for this purpose. Among such may be mentioned rye, turf oats, sorghum, rape, vetches, field peas, millet, beggar weed and bur clover.

The Field Pea.

One of the first leguminous crops to be grown in the United States for succulent forage was the field pea. For many years the cultivation of this crop was confined largely to the New England states, but of recent years it has received more attention and is now quite generally grown in the northern United States, where it is deservedly popular not only as a succulent forage, but also as a hay crop. There are a great many varieties now on the market, varying widely as to hardiness, date of maturity and yield. The seed is usually sown with some of the small grains, chiefly oats, the mixture containing about equal quantities of peas and grain. The crop is perhaps most commonly used for soiling, but is equally valuable for pasturage and silage. The combination makes a forage of high feeding value and palatability, and the yield is usually good.

In the Wool Interest.

Prospective sheep growers will find much to interest them in bulletin No. 178, by Professor Numford of the Michigan station. In investigating the bad repute of some of the Michigan wool he says the principal causes are dirt (though washing is not demanded), the lack of care in preparing the fleece for market and the unevenness of the quality of the wool.

The recommendations mainly are: Market the wool clear of dirt, burs, tags and paint marks; the fleeces loosely, but well secured with small linen, flax or hemp twine; do not cross indiscriminately; breed for evenness of fleece throughout.

Sahara's Water Supply.

The wells of Erg, in the Sahara desert, occupy the bottom of the depressions. As the surface of the ground in which they are excavated is covered with a thick layer of sand they have to be protected against the falling in of the latter. Their very narrow orifice is, therefore, hermetically closed by means of wide stones sealed through a mortar composed of sand and mud. Each caravan undoes the work in order to obtain water and then carefully seals the wells up again before departing.—Boston Globe.

His Only Chance.

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—It was very rude of you to yawn while we were making that call.

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Well, good gracious, I had to open my mouth some time!

From Bad to Worse.

"Did that bottle of medicine do your aunt any good?"

"No. As soon as she read the wrapper she got three new diseases."—Chicago Herald.

God took his softest clay and his purest colors and made a fragile jewel, mysterious and caressing—the finger of a woman. Then he fell asleep. The devil awoke and at the end of that rosy finger put—a nail.—Victor Hugo.

The whole of the celebrated forests of Vallombrosa in Italy was planted by the patient and industrious monks of St. Benedict during the dark ages.

"A prudent man," says a witty Frenchman, "is like a pin. His head prevents him from going too far."

THERE WAS NO COMPULSION.

He Had a Very Good Reason For Not Going Into the House.

The man was sitting on the front steps of his house at 3 o'clock in the morning as the policeman came by and noticed him.

"Hello!" exclaimed the startled guardian of the peace. "What are you doing there?" And he drew near cautiously.

"Sitting here," responded the man.

"What are you sitting there for?"

"It's my house, and I guess I've got a right to, haven't I?"

"Oh, excuse me," apologized the policeman, coming closer. "I didn't recognize you. What's the matter? Lost your nightkey?"

"No," very curtly.

"Forgot it when you came out?"

"No."

"Afraid of disturbing somebody that's sick if you knock?"

"No."

"Waiting for the milkman perhaps?" ventured the policeman, taking another tack.

"No," shorter than ever.

"Want to get in early to breakfast perhaps?"

"No."

"Sitting here to get cool before going to bed likely?" And the policeman chuckled, for the thermometer marked considerably below freezing.

"No."

"Are you"— began the policeman when the man interrupted him.

"Say," he cried, "do I have to reveal to you the sacred secrets of my household?"

"No," said the policeman, almost as short as the man had said it.

"Do I have to communicate to you my domestic infelicities?"

"No."

"Do I have to tell you that my wife is waiting at the head of the stairs in there for me?"

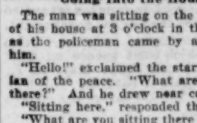
"No."

"Do I have to inform you that she has declared war?"

"No," stammered the astonished policeman.

"Well, then," commanded the man, "you go on away from here and attend to your own business. I'll sit here till the middle of next week if I want to." And the policeman, thoroughly abashed, apologized to the man and went on around the corner.—Washington Star.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.



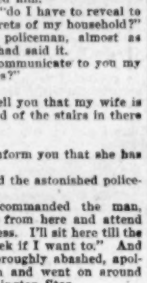
THE GREAT HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
FRENCH REMEDY produces the above result in 30 days. *Cures Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Failing Memory.* Stops all drains and losses caused by errors of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Young Men regain Manhood and Old Men recover Youthful Vigor. It gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and fits a man for business or marriage. Easily carried in the vest pocket. Price 50 CTS. 6 Boxes $2.50 by mail, in plain package, with written guarantee. DR. JEAN O'HARRA, Paris
nov 13 1y R. R. BELLAMY, Agent.

Chronic Constipation

THE CURSE OF ALL MANKIND.

The universal ailment of humanity is Constipation. No other disease to which human flesh is heir causes one-half the misery that does Constipation. It is truly the most dangerous disease any physician has to combat. Any honorable physician will frankly tell you so. Cure it with

DR. CARLSTEDT'S GERMAN LIVER POWDER.

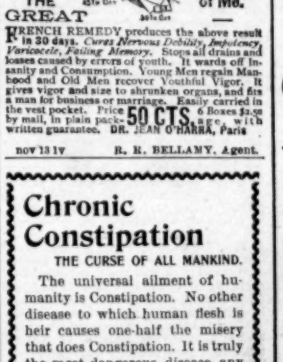


It will not shock the system like so many other remedies on the market, but will work a gradual reformation of the stomach and bowels until a complete cure is effected. For sale by druggists and dealers generally or by mail on receipt of price, 25 cents a bottle; 5 bottles $1.00.

Made Only By The
CARLSTEDT MED. CO.,
Evansville, Ind.

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.
jan 19 6m sa tu th

Bowdlear's Floor Wax.



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If you can not obtain this Wax in your own town, we will send you prepaid, the quantity you may require, on receipt of 50 cts. per pound. Payable in stamps.

Pulverized. For Dancing Floors; will not ball on the feet; will not soil the clothing. All ready. Anybody can apply it.

The floor must be clean and free from oil. Sprinkle, and the dancers will do the rest. Put up in pound packages.

One pound is sufficient for a floor space of 10,000 square feet, and if not wasted will be found to go four times as far as anything else on the market.

No Dust is Another Favorable Feature.

Samples Sent on Request.

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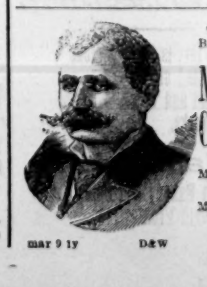
149 Pearl Street, - - Boston, Mass.
dec 18 6m tu th sa



To Repair Broken Articles use Major's Cement
Remember
MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT.
MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.
mar 9 1y D&W

New Goods
—at the—
Big Racket Store.

ALL SHADES OF NICE, NEW SILK SATINS for 50c a yard. Nice Black all Taffeta Silk for 50c a yard. 27-inch heavy Black and White China Silk at 50c a yard, extra quality. We have several colors in China Silk—red, blue, brown and black—full width, at 29c a yard. A mixed Changeable Silk at 22c a yard. A beautiful Appliqued Satin, very fine quality, at $1.75 per yard, regular price $4.00. Black Satin, 27 inches wide, at 75c and $1.00 per yard. In nice Dress Goods we have nice Serges from 29c, 40c to 50c. The Scotch Serge, 54 inches wide, beautiful goods, 85c a yard.

In Cashmeres, we have all the new shades and black—good colors, at 25c a yard.

46 inch wide Black Henrietta, special at 50c a yard.

We have a very fine line of Crepons worth $2.00 a yard—our price is $1.15.

Our $1.50 quality in Black Crepons are now 85c.

Our all wool Dress Plaids, 36 and 38 inches wide, we sold for 50c a yard, are now 29c.

Very heavy Wool Suitings in Flannels and Homespuns, 50 inches wide, two pieces gray and brown—we sold at 55c, now selling for 40c a yard.

Our Broad Cloths—we have all colors at 98c a yard.

We have the all wool Venetian Cloths at 50c a yard.

1,000 yards Percale in remnants to close at 5c a yard.

We have 5 pieces Solicia Lining to sell at 8c.

10 pieces of Duck for Skirts, heavy and good quality, worth 10c, we will sell at 7c.

Sacking Flannels for Underskirts in gray and pink at 18c a yard.

5 pieces fine Red Plaid Ginghams, regular 10c quality, my price 6c a yard.

Best Apron Checks at 5c a yard.

One yard wide Sea Island Shirting at 5c a yard.

We have a beautiful line of Dress Trimmings from 10c to 25c a yard. All the new things.

Ladies' Cloaks and Furs—In our Cloak Department we have cut prices 25 per cent., which is more than the profit. We have a good many New Cloaks to sell at $2.00, $3.50, $4.00, $6.00 and $7.50.

Our $6.00 Cloak is regularly worth $7.50. Our $7.50 one has been our $10.00 Cloak.

We have just received lots of new things in our Millinery Department. New Ribbons, Laces, Veilings, Chiffons, Mouselaines and Velvets. Buckles and lots of New Hats. Our Millinery trade has been very good, and we are making special efforts to close out all our Winter goods.

We are still giving away presents with cash purchases.

We have Lounges, Tables, Writing Desks, Cradles, Rugs, China and Glassware.

Come to see us and have your purchases punched on a card and get a present free.

We are closing out our Elkin Mills all wool Blankets cheap.

BABY CAPS, HOODS AND SACQUES—In this department we have a full supply. We can sell you a beautiful Embroidered Silk Cap for 25c and up. Crocheted Sacques, all wool, at 22c. Children's and Misses' Hoods from 10c up. HATS—We are selling the Lady Smith Hat in the newest styles—the lowest price has been 75c—they are now 50c. 100 fine Felt Hats in assorted shapes and styles, regular 50c goods, now 25c. Our $1.00 French Felts in Shapes and Flats are now 50c. We have just received a big line of Embroidery and Insertion, 500 pieces to select from. We have it in all grades, widths and prices from 5c to 35c. Also, a big lot of 4½ yard Remnants at specially low prices.

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE,
at 208-210 North Front Street, Near Postoffice and Depot.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,
PROPRIETOR.
jan 20 tf

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The grade of Hanan's Shoes that was $5 continues at that price, in spite of the increased cost. And we are the sole agents here, too, of the "Best Shoe on Earth."

Hanan's Footwear will suit the most particular man who walks—whether his particularness hinges on fit, style, wearability or whatever it may be.

It's Footwear into the making of which the best stock and the best shoemaking talent known enters.

Some of you gentlemen who have your Shoes made to measure don't know what a lot of bother is saved in buying Hanan's—to say nothing of the money.

Solomon's Shoe Store.
jan 13 tf

All we ask is that you just try one of these Buck Stoves and Ranges. If they do not please you better than any you have ever used, we will take same back without expense to you. We also have a full line of Buck Heating Stoves; and last but not least, the wonderful Comfort Heater. "Great Goods These."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.
nov 17 tf

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1837 **THE SUN** 1901
BALTIMORE, MD.

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THE SUN is the highest type of a newspaper. THE SUN'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS through out the United States, as well as in Europe, South Africa, China, and, in fact, all over the world, make it an up-to-date newspaper.

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All the news of the world in attractive form.

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MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
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Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE SAL VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 13th, 1900.

TRAIN	Leaves	STATIONS	Arrives
41	Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:25 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M. Athens, Ga., 9:40 A. M., Atlanta 6:05 A. M.		
38	Leaves Hamlet at 8:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 31 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:25 A. M.; from train No. 408 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 36 leaving Atlanta at 1:50 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.		

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 31 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 408 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:30 A. M. Train No. 36 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 8:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 409 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:27 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 27 from Richmond and points North at 10.27 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 9.40 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9.00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. E. L. BUNCH,
jan 17 tf General Passenger Agent.

1831 *Seventy-First Year.* 1901
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Albany, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 13, 1901.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A. M.: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.34 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.35 P. M., Petersburg 5.38 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.08 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.33 A. M., †Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M.: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.32 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.53 P. M., Weldon 1.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 3.50 A. M., Richmond 6.00 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.33 A. M., New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 4.15 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M.: No. 52—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 8.56 A. M., Augusta 1.55 A. M., Macon 11.10 A. M., Atlanta 12.30 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 6.30 A. M., St. Augustine 11.10 A. M., Tampa 6.45 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M.: No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.35 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 4.00 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.00 P. M., New York *2.05 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.20 A. M., Richmond 7.05 A. M., Petersburg 8.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.32 P. M., Magnolia 4.55 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.20 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.55 P. M., Petersburg 7.45 P. M., †Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 9.15 A. M., Leave Wilson 9.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.05 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.50 A. M., Sanford 2.30 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 5.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.29 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 P. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.25 P. M.: No. 53—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.50 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.30 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.40 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.51 A. M., Payton 10.41 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.0 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.10 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.17 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.38 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.55 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 8.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.00 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 6.10 A. M. Returning leave Smithfield 7.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 8.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 2.30 A. M., 2.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.30 A. M., 4.00 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.52 P. M., Nashville 11.40 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 4.05 P. M.; arrives Dillon 4.18 P. M., Latta 4.42 P. M., Pee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.15 A. M., Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.35 P. M., Manning 8.04 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.43 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.54 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10.00 M., †8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.55 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 4.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 5.30 P. M., Bennettsville 6.32 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 5.50 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.51 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.59 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.45 P. M., 11.16 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 12.32 A. M., Rowland 6.05 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 1022 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.58 P. M., 11.39 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.05 A. M., Creston 4.54 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.55 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.29 P. M., Creston 5.32 P. M., Sumter 6.24 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leave Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrive Creston 2.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.32 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 1.50 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jan 16 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 13	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	8 27	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 02	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.55 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists or sent in plain wr

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22.

SYMPATHY FOR THE QUEEN.

Dispatches from Nearly Every Capital in Europe—The One Exception is Belgium—Interest in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The dispatches received here from nearly every capital in Europe, from India, Australia, Jamaica and all the British colonies, show the press and people to be sympathetic in their comment on the Queen's illness. The one exception seems to be Belgium. A majority of the Brussels papers' comment is in good taste; but one pro Boer paper there takes occasion to make a political attack on Great Britain's South African policy.

A dispatch from Pretoria says the Queen's illness has caused a profound sensation there.

Special prayers were offered in all the churches in the garrison towns yesterday evening

Many functions in Great Britain and on the continent have been abandoned owing to the Queen's condition. Emperor Francis Joseph has countermanded the court ball fixed for this evening.

Feeling in Washington.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—The greatest interest and sympathy is manifested in official circles here in the condition of the Queen.

The President and members of his cabinet and other high officials, are by their own request promptly notified of every change in the sad scene at Osborne.

There is little to be done officially here when the end comes, and that little is perfectly well defined by precedent. The President will communicate directly from the White House an expression of his regret to the Prince of Wales, or rather to King Edward VII, as he will be by the time the message is indited. Secretary Hay will communicate to Ambassador Choate an official expression of the sentiments of this government. This will be cabled also. Later on, more formal exchanges will take place by mail.

By this means the State Department will be officially informed of the accession of the new monarch to the throne. It will return its official acknowledgements and that will be all that is prescribed by the rules of official etiquette.

THE VENEZUELA SITUATION.

Affairs Represented to Be in a Critical Condition—The Government's Dictatorial Decree.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PORT OF SPAIN TRINIDAD, Jan. 21.—The arrivals to-day from Venezuela confirm the reports of the existence of a critical condition of affairs in that republic. A former Venezuelan minister asserts that the politicians at Caracas are making a determined raid on the Bermudez Asphalt Company. He adds that they tried it before on a modest scale, squeezing $30,000 out of the company, when United States Minister Loomis protested and stopped further action of this description. The government, the minister also says, listened to reason then, but has now lost its head, through greed, and offers to restore the company's property for a million dollars, although it is said to have been illegally taken by a dictatorial decree. In addition, the assertion is again made that if foreign governments permit the action of the Venezuelan authorities to pass without some protest, all foreign investors will be driven from South America, for the latter claim they are always being illegally plundered. In this connection the assertion is made that no former Venezuelan government would have dared to act as this one does toward Washington. It is explained that the Venezuelan authorities are counting on the disinclination of strong nations to coerce weak ones.

At the office of the Orinoco Company, whose two steamers were recently seized by the Venezuelan authorities, the manager says the British minister at Caracas, Mr. Haggard, has informed the American minister that the British government will not protect the company, because its shareholders are Americans. The company is said to be losing heavily through the seizure of the steamers.

The commander of the French cruiser Suchet, at Carupano, for the protection of the large French interests in that vicinity, reports that disturbances are increasing. The insurgents have just gaine a battle near Guiria.

HAZING AT WEST POINT.

Finding and Recommendation of the Congressional Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Congressional Committee that investigated hazing conditions at West Point, tomorrow will make a report and recommend legislation which they believe will result in the abolition of hazing for all time in the academy. The committee will find what the inquiry developed, that hazing has been generally practiced and that in many instances it has been of a brutal character, and will also find that Booz was brutally hazed, but will not ascribe his death to the result of the hazing. The majority of the committee favor the statute which will provide not only for the expulsion of a cadet who is found guilty of hazing, but a provision that a cadet expelled for such cause shall not be eligible for reappointment and shall be forever disbarred from holding a commission in the army of the United States. This, probably, will be the legislation recommended to the House.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

The State Department at Washington has issued a warrant for the surrender to the Cuban authorities of C. F. W. Neeley, charged with embezzlement.

He Foo ed the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NO CHANGE IN THE QUEEN'S CONDITION

There is No Probability of Anything But a Fatal Ending of Her Illness.

PARALYSIS IS SPREADING.

Nourishment Artificially Administered. The Palace Packed With Anxious People—German Emperor Admitted to the Dying Queen.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

COWES, January 21, 4.35 A. M.—A slight improvement is said to be visible in the Queen's condition, but there is no hope of anything but a fatal ending. The night is awaited with the greatest anxiety. Paralysis is spreading to vital parts. Nourishment is being artificially administered. The palace is packed. There is scarcely room for the Emperor of Germany and his staff. With the exception of newspaper correspondents, there are only a few people outside the gates. Inquiries from all parts of the world continue to pour in.

OSBORNE HOUSE, ISLE OF WIGHT, January 21.—The following official bulletins were issued during the day by the Queen's physicians, Drs. Reid, R. Douglas Powell and Thomas Barlow:

5 P. M.—The slight improvement of this morning is maintained. Since midnight her Majesty has taken more food and has had some refreshing sleep. There is no further loss of strength. The symptoms which give rise to most anxiety are those which point to a local obstruction in the brain circulation.

COWES, ISLE OF WIGHT, January 22.—The following is the full text of the midnight bulletin posted at Osborne House:

"There is no material change in the Queen's condition. The slight improvement of the morning has been maintained throughout the day. Food has been taken fairly well and some tranquil sleep secured.

Emperor William Admitted.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A special dispatch from Cowes this evening says Emperor William was admitted to the Queen's presence at about 5 o'clock. She spoke a few words to him and, after two or three minutes, he withdrew. The Queen took a little nourishment and fell asleep in the arms of the Princess of Wales.

The inner circle of the cabinet has been in session this afternoon in connection with the official procedure in the event of her Majesty's death.

A dispatch from Ostend says the arrangements for the departure of the King of the Belgians for England has been countermanded.

The Secretary of State for Home Affairs, Mr. C. T. Ritchie, who had temporarily left Osborne, has been summoned to return there.

Waiting Without Hope.

COWES, ISLE OF WIGHT, January 22, 1 A. M.—Another day in the Victorian era, now so rapidly drawing to a close, passed without any great change in the condition of Queen Victoria. The slight improvement so frequently mentioned in the official bulletins merely indicates a postponement of the inevitable. The end may be a matter of days or only hours; but the members of the royal family who are dragging out a weary visit at Osborne House know that the death of her Majesty is merely a question of a short time.

The correspondent of the Associated Press is informed that the members of the royal family were called to a room adjoining the Queen's bed chamber no less than four times yesterday morning, and were kept in momentary expectation of being summoned to witness the end up to half past 5 o'clock. Her Majesty's physicians then had only a vestige of hope that they would be able to keep the Queen's feeble life in existence until the Prince of Wales arrived. To secure this result they resorted to the frequent use of brandy and champagne. These stimulants, used to an extent which only the very greatest emergency justified, worked their process; and, when the Prince of Wales and Emperor William entered the castle grounds at 11:30 A. M., they found the Queen a trifle better than had been expected. The desperate remedies employed Monday morning to enable her Majesty to live until her eldest son's arrival will not be used again to the same extent, for the doctors are fearful that the remedy might be almost worse than the disease. They trust to prolong her life by a moderate application of stimulants, combined with as much nourishment as can be assimilated. Such expedients as were employed during Sunday evening and Monday morning are not considered justifiable.

The Queen's rally astonished no one more than her physicians and when at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon they heard her ask for chicken broth the amazement almost equalled their delight. Privately, however, they build no false hopes upon these fading signs of what has been one of the strongest constitutions with which a woman was ever endowed.

Despite the favorable afternoon, the doctors dreaded greatly the period between 6 o'clock and midnight. When that was safely passed they seemed hopeful of her Majesty living at least through another day, although the memory of the previous relapse kept their anxiety at high tension.

The news of the death when it occurs is likely to be publicly announced in Lodon before it is announced here as at present arranged the first telegram is to be sent to the Lord Mayor of London.

There is an enormous telegraphic staff in Cowes, and additional facilities were installed yesterday at Osborne.

The Prince of Wales probably never will make Osborne House a place of residence. The town has settled down in patience and sadness to await the inevitable.

Never has Emperor William arrived at any place in England with so little eclat. No salutes were fired, no cheers were given. The men of the guardship Australia silently manned her sides. The crowd was equally undemonstrative, the people contenting themselves with baring their heads. It was a greeting given to the grandson of a dying woman rather than to the ruler of a great ally.

After luncheon at the castle the Prince of Wales, Emperor William and the Duke of Connaught, rode around the grounds and visited the local sailors' home.

May Live Till Thursday.

COWES, ISLE OF WIGHT, Jan. 22, 5 A. M.—Up to this hour no further bulletin has been issued. The correspondent of the Associated Press here is informed that the Queen's condition has undergone no change.

The Queen is expected to live until Thursday morning unless unexpected complications occur.

France Sympathetic.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The dispatches from Osborne are eagerly followed here. The articles in the papers are sympathetic, though they give evidence of the anti British feeling aroused by the South African war. Many of the writers ascribe Queen Victoria's collapse to the cloud of melancholy enshrouding her on account of the situation in South Africa and the ever-increasing death roll.

Anglophobe writers, however, in the *Libre Parole* and *Patrie* print ruthless excoriations of the dying Queen.

Many notable people called at the British embassy.

The government was kept closely informed from London.

Comment in Berlin.

BERLIN, January 21.—The palace in Berlin has become as silent as the grave. All the guests have departed.

Most of the German newspapers express sincere concern as to Queen Victoria and praise Emperor William for going to Osborne.

The Agrarian and pan German journals, however, take a different tone. The *Deutsche Tages Zeitung*, the leading Agrarian, concludes an article in this style:

"The rising of English power is now followed by a decline. That she has seen the beginning of such a decline has given Queen Victoria a death stroke. She saw the commencement of the decay of that whose splendid development she has witnessed during a long life. This is the tragic finale of her prolonged reign.

The most important question for Great Britain now is whether the new king will be able to find his way out of South Africa again."

Some of the papers already discuss the Prince of Wales, as the coming soverign, and the *Berliner Tageblatt* prints a dispatch asserting that he is germanophobe in his feeling.

The Latest Report.

LONDON, January 22, 8.37 A. M.—A telegram from Osborne House, signed by the Queen's physicians, says that there are no signs of improvement; and that her condition is regarded as more serious.

RAIDING KANSAS SALOONS.

Mrs. Carrie Nation on the Warpath in Wichita—Wrecked Two Saloons. Arrested, But Released.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WICHITA, KANS., Jan. 21.—Mrs. Carrie Nation came back to Wichita to-day after her recent incarceration, and the net result of ten minutes of work by her this afternoon are two wrecked saloons, the pieces of which are being sold to night for souvenirs. Mrs. Nation was assisted by Miss Julia Evans, Miss Lucy Wilhoit and Mrs Lydia Muntz, all of the local W. C. T. U. organization. They caused over $1,500 damage. With hatchets concealed under their cloaks they entered the saloon of James Burns, on Douglas avenue, and did not leave a complete piece of glass or a working slot machine in the place. All show cases, plate glass windows and doors were broken into smithereens. Next they ran to John Herring's saloon and had everything in the front of the room broken when he appeared with a revolver, placed it at Mrs. Nation's head and said that he would blow out her brains if she did not desist. She yielded and ran to the Cary hotel bar, where three policemen met her. She struck at Detective Sutton with a poker. He shoved her aside and a youth struck him in the face. A policeman struck the youth and knocked him down. The police then overpowered Mrs. Nation and her friends and took them to the city prison, followed by 2,000 people. Chief of Police Cudbon discharged the prisoners after they reached the jail and is heartily condemned by the citizens. After leaving the city building Mrs. Nation began a street lecture.

Shaking her fist at the crowd she said: "Men of Witchita, this is the right hand of God and I am destined to wreck every saloon in your city."

The women procured a wagon and rode through the streets singing "Nearer, My My God, to Thee," and other hymns. They halted in front of the saloons they had smashed and held prayer meetings. It is estimated that five thousand persons, men and women, have viewed the wrecks since 5 o'clock.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

The Crew Saved—Believed That the Vessel Will Go to Pieces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATHAM, MASS., January 21.—The three masted schooner Electa Bailey went ashore off Harding's beach last night. She was bound from Poole's Landing, Me., for Portsmouth, Va., with ice. She encountered the storm Saturday night off Cross rip. Her sails were blown away and she anchored off the northwest of Handkerchief lightship. A great deal of ice formed about the vessel and finally her anchor chains parted and she was driven before the gale into Chatham Bay where she grounded. The Chatham life saving crew went to the assistance of the crew this morning and took them off, but could not get back to Chatham, so went to West Chatham and made a landing there. The men were all badly frost bitten. It is believed the vessel will go to pieces, as she is an old one, although she is now in an easy position.

CUBA'S CONSTITUTION

Contains No Provision Regarding Relations With the United States.

By Cable to the morning star.

HAVANA, January 21.—The central committee of the Cuban Constitutional Convention reported at the public session of the convention today the proposed constitution. The document contains some modifications of the original draft. After it had been read the convention adjourned until Thursday.

The central committee are not unanimous with reference to several features of the scheme, and there is likely to be considerable discussion before final acceptance.

The proposed constitution does not contain any provision regarding the future relations between the United States and Cuba.

The House Committee on Military Affairs has disagreed to all the Senate amendments to the Army Reorganization bill and authorized the chairman to move similar action in the House, with request for a conference.

The Luckenbach tug Ocean King, which with the barges Roundout and Astoria recently went on the beach near Cape Charles, will with the barges be abandoned by her owners. The tug and barges are valued at about $60,000.

A DULL DAY IN BOTH HOUSES.

Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill Under Consideration.

SENATE'S EXECUTIVE SESSION

Chaplain's Prayer for Queen Victoria—A Citizen's Claim Against the South African Republic—Proceedings in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Senate to day held an executive session of more than two hours' duration after routine business had been disposed of. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill then was taken up. Sixty-six pages were completed before adjournment.

At the opening of the session the chaplain, in his invocation, referred with deep pathos to the condition of Queen Victoria. "With a multitude which no man can number," he prayed, "we come with tremendous anxiety and the profoundest awe to the bedside of the great, good Queen, who lies on the border of two worlds. Living for more than three years in the fierce light which beats upon a throne, by her conduct and character she has won not only the loyalty of her own people, but the veneration and homage of all true hearted men and women around the world."

Senator Turner, Washington, offered a resolution requesting the President to transmit to the Senate, if not incompatible with public interest, information of what steps have been taken by the State Department to protect the rights of R. E Brown, a citizen of the United States, in the matter of his claim against the South African Republic, together with copies of all correspondence and papers relating thereto.

Senator Turner made a statement regarding the case. R. E Brown was an American engineer, who went to South Africa eight years ago. He located a large number of gold mining claims in Witfontein, adopting up-to-date and essentially American methods in his work. He was deprived of the claims by order of the South African authorities, and instituted suit against them for $1,850,000. The case was decided by the South African courts in favor of Mr. Brown, notwithstanding the order of the President withdrawing the claims held by Mr. Brown. The judgment of the court so incensed President Kruger and the Volksraad that the judges were removed summarily from office. Subsequently the new court dismissed the case of Mr. Brown and he was invited to institute a new suit, Realizing that the court was packed against him he decided to appeal to his own government.

Senator Turner said the claims of Mr. Brown now were worth $5,000,000 or $6 000,000. Mr. Turner said the idea of his resolution was to press upon Great Britain the meritorious claim of Mr. Brown and to ascertain what steps had been taken by this government in regard to it since Great Britain had assumed the responsibility of sovereignty over that territory.

The resolution was adopted.

Senator Gallinger, New Hampshire, made a retraction of his statement that liquor licenses had been issued to saloons in Manila by General Harrison Gray Otis, based on a telegraphic denial from that gentleman.

The Legislative bill was then taken up and read. Senator Gallinger protested against the amendment to the bill for keeping the library of Congress open on Sundays. The amendment was agreed to, however, without division.

At 5.25 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House to day, after devoting some time to District of Columbia business, passed a number of bills under suspension of the rules. They were to provide a home in this city for aged and infirmed colored people out of the fund now in the treasury to the credit of deceased colored soldiers, to establish a branch soldiers' home at Johnson City, Tenn., and to increase the salary of the commissioner of education of Porto Rico from $3,000 to $4,000.

The Senate amendments to the Army Reorganization bill were dis agreed to. Conferees were appointed.

Senator Ray, New York, chairman of the Committee on Judiciary, moved the passage under suspension of the rules of a bill to permit subjects of foreign countries claiming indemnity for injuries received in this country to bring suit in the Court of Claims. It only applies to citizens of countries according like privileges to citizens of the United States and provides that the United States can set up a defence against such claims that the claimants have resided in the United States continuously for one year. It was strongly recommended by the State Department.

Senator Hitt, Illinois, said almost all the Powers of the world would provide a tribunal for the trial of such cases.

Senator Dearmond, Missouri, on behalf of a minority of the Committee on Judiciary, opposed the bill, which, he said, proposed to give to foreign citizens privileges not accorded to our own citizens. The reciprocity feature of the bill, he said, also was objectionable. This explanation would offer a general information to speculative lawyers to rake and scrape the foreign population for pretext to bring suit against the government. The bill was defeated—37 to 82.

Senator Brownlow, Tennessee, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill to establish a branch soldiers' home at Johnson City, Washington county, Tenn.

Senator Hull, Iowa, chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, said that there had been over 300,000 Union soldiers in Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina, and it was only right that a home should be established within reach of the surviving Union soldiers of the South.

The bill carried an initial appropriation of $250,000, but Senator Cannon, Illinois, said if the home was built it would cost eventually $1,250,000.

At 5.05 P. M. the House adjourned.

Bubonic plague is reported to be raging among the British troops in Cape Colony and many deaths that are attributed to enteric fever and dysentery are really due to plague.

The North Atlantic squadron will sail for the Gulf of Florida Wednesday. The battleship Wisconsin will be put in commission February 4th.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

WARM WIRELETS.

American holders of British government bonds make known the fact that the five per cent. income tax is exacted from them by the English government.

The three-masted schooner John Russell, which went ashore on Cold Spring bar, near Cape May, N. Y., during the gale of Saturday, will be a total loss. The life-savers brought the crew ashore.

A dispatch from Berlin says: Mr. F. T. Charles, representing the Southern Railway Company, is trying to induce German manufacturers to establish branches in the Southern States.

MARK TWAIN'S FIRST LECTURE.

Subject, "The Sandwich Islands or Anything Else."

"On Tuesday evening, Sept. 29, 1866, Samuel Langhorne Clemens made his first appearance in public at the Academy of Music in Pine street, San Francisco," says Will M. Clemens in Ainslee's. "He had just returned from the Sandwich Islands, from where he had been writing letters on the islands and the islanders to the Sacramento Union. The appearance of Artemus Ward some months previous in San Francisco had aroused an ambition in Mark Twain to 'go and do likewise,' not for the fame that might come to him, not from the money to be earned, but from a spirit of pure mischievousness. Twain was one of a coterie of bohemians which included Bret Harte, Prentice Mulford and Charles Warren Stoddard, and I can imagine how he chuckled to himself when he concluded to 'learn a new trick and surprise the boys.' He secured a hall and published a sort of Artemus Ward announcement that he would deliver a lecture about his trip to the Sandwich Islands.

"Commenting upon the announcement, the San Francisco correspondent of a neighboring newspaper wrote:

"'We may expect either gay or grave remarks, for by recently published letters he very fully exhibited the resources of the islands to the great satisfaction of the business community. His lecture at this time will have a peculiar interest, independent of his own rapidly augmenting popularity, from the fact that the queen (Emma) of said country is now in our midst. Everybody is going, and consequently a crowded audience will greet the maiden—I believe—lecture of the sage brusher. He is not at all an eloquent orator, and I fear, as he himself announces it, "doors open at 7, the trouble will commence at 8 o'clock."'

"'The "trouble" is over,' wrote this same correspondent under date of Oct. 3, 1866, 'the inimitable Mark Twain delivered himself last night of his first lecture on "The Sandwich Islands or Anything Else." Some time before the hour appointed to open his head the Academy of Music (on Pine street) was densely crowded with one of the most fashionable audiences it was ever my privilege to witness during my long residence in this city. The elite of the town were there, and so was the governor of the state—occupying one of the boxes—whose rotund face was suffused with a halo of mirth during the whole entertainment. The audience promptly notified Mark by the usual sign—stamping—that the auspicious hour had arrived, and presently the lecturer came sidling and swinging out from the left of the stage. His very manner produced a generally vociferous laugh from the assemblage. He opened with an apology, by saying that he had partly succeeded in obtaining a band, but, at the last moment, the party engaged backed out. He explained that he had hired a man to play the trombone, but he, on learning that he was the only person engaged, came at the last moment and informed him that he could not play. This placed Mark in a bad predicament, and, wishing to know his reasons for deserting him at that critical moment, he replied "that he wasn't going to make a fool of himself by sitting up there on the stage and blowing his horn all by himself." After the applause subsided he assumed a very grave countenance and commenced his remarks proper with the following well known sentence: "When, in the course of human events," etc. He lectured fully an hour and a quarter, and his humorous sayings were interspersed with geographical, agricultural and statistical remarks, sometimes branching off and reaching beyond—soaring, in the very choicest language, up to the very pinnacle of descriptive power.'"

Lowell's First Client.

James Russell Lowell studied law and took an office, but never had a case at court. The Rev. Edward Everett Hale told, however, the story of Lowell's first client. The poet had laid aside his law-book for the nonce and was polishing off a sonnet when the door opened and a strange man appeared with a look of doubt or trouble in his eyes.

Lowell hastily laid the sonnet in a pocket, sprang up with all the alacrity of courtesy he could command, offered a chair to the visitor, took his hat and put it on the table with as much reverence as if it were a retainer, drew up a chair opposite, pulled out a brand new note-book and, waving his pencil in a soft, inviting, confidential way, began: "Well, sir, I am all ready to take notes of your case. Please tell me everything, even the most trivial circumstance."

The stranger stared at him with open mouth for a minute, then grinned most amiably as he answered: "I'm the painter of your sign, sir; come to get my little bill."

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

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SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

..NOTICE..

Remember, this is headquarters For every kind of Cakes Bread and Pies. Also, Fireworks.

Warren's

Steam Bakery and Cafe, 22 North Front street.

dec 21 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **30 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—Shipments Beef Cattle and Dressed Pork at once. I am also receiving Quail, Eggs, Turkeys, Chickens, Furs, Hides, Wax, Cotton and Naval Stores as usual. T. D. Love, No. 114 North Water street. jan 6 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Blacksmith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Linden & Bates', S. M. H. 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 500. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 23 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 6 tf

The Best Silk Worms

Are constantly employed by us. We demand their choicest, silkiest and finest work. That is the foundation of every Necktie in this store that makes any pretension of being silk. It's silk all the way through. Reduce anything we have in stock to its lowest terms and you'll find that it's entirely made of honest material. Reduce the prices—you'll find they are as low as the goods.

VonGlahn & Gibson,

Jan 20 tf No. 8 North Front street.

Poor Seed Dear at Any Price.

GET THE BEST.

GENUINE HOULTON ROSE.
EARLY ORIOS,
PRIDE OF THE SOUTH,
or WHITE BLISS

SEED POTATOES.

Let us book your orders against their arrival.

SALT! SALT! SALT!

Can fill orders promptly—100's and 196's American Fine, Table and 5 lb Packets.

HALL & PEARSALL,

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WHOLESALE GROCERS.

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1 car Seed Potatoes.

EARLY ROSE.
PEERLESS,
HEBRON and
BURBOUKS.

1 car Nails.

COFFEE, SUGAR AND MOLASSES,

AND A FULL LINE OF

Heavy Groceries.

For Sale at Close Prices.

S. P. McNAIR.

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Bananas, Oranges, Cocoanuts, Apples and Pears.

Our Candy Factory is in full blast.

The Palace Bakery.

☞ Don't go elsewhere to buy your Bakery Supplies before examining our line.

Andrew Mavronichols,

706 North Fourth street.
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jan 20 tf

At The-:-

-:-Unlucky Corner.

BIG PRUNES, 25 TO THE POUND.
RED CRANBERRIES.
TURKEYS, DEAD AND ALIVE.
JELLY, MINCE MEAT, RAISINS.
CURRANTS, CITRON.
SMOKED BEEF TONGUES.

We can't bake your cake, but can furnish the best of everything to go in it.

-:-Send me your orders.

-:-S. W. SANDERS-:-

dec 8 tf

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nov 13 6m

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NOW'S THE TIME TO SAVE MONEY. We are also offering Suits to Order at big values. If you are in need it will pay you to look over our stock of English, French and Scotch Worsteds, Thibets, Vicunas and Cassimeres. As for fit, finish and Trimmings, we have no superiors, and when we turn out a garment it always pleases. Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, and everything in the way of FURNISHING GOODS.

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107 Princess Street.

jan 13 tf

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Money can be withdrawn any business day without notice. Amounts deposited after the first day of the month begin to draw interest on the first of the following month. This applies not only to our regular quarters, but to every month in the year.

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C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. jan 10 tf

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OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

We solicit the Savings Account of every one, old or young. It makes no difference whether the account be large or small.

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST is paid on all amounts from Five Dollars upwards, interest being computed from the first of the month succeeding deposit.

DEPOSITS made now will bear interest from February 1st, 1901.

The People's Savings Bank,

(Opposite the Postoffice.)

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
jan 19 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Walking Hats

For Ladies And Children

THIS WEEK

25 & 50c

—Some worth more than double.—

PLENTY OF REMNANTS CHEAP.

CAPES, JACKETS, FURS AND COLLARETTES AT COST.

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. jan 20 tf

Statement of Condition of

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, North Carolina.

At the close of business December 13, 1900. (Began business March 1st, 1899.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$365,770 56	Capital Stock	$200,000 00
Stocks and Bonds	1,642 00	Profits less expenses	84,921 46
U. S. Bonds	197,100 00	Circulation	146,650 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,600 00	Deposits	434,180 21
Fire per cent. redemption fund	7,250 00		
Revenue Stamps	453 00		
Office Furniture	750 00		
Cash on hand and in banks	284,758 11		
Total	$813,091 67	Total	$813,091 67

WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.

We can Furnish you Every Accommodation Consistent with Safe Banking. dec 29 tf

A. D. BROWN.

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING.

During the past week we received lots of New Goods, which are now ready for your very careful inspection, and we will take great pleasure in showing you the new things, whether you desire to purchase or not. We are headquarters for

White Goods, Laces and Embroideries.

There never has been such an immense stock of Laces and Embroideries shown in this city before. Our Embroideries are manufactured from the very best material, and the work is just simply perfect. Many Novelties are to be seen in our Lace Stock.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF BLACK CREPON.

Our entire stock of Crepons will be offered at a great sacrifice. If interested, call early and get the best selections. There is nothing handsomer for a Skirt than one of these stylish Crepons.

Agent for Butterick's Patterns.

A. D. BROWN.

jan 20 tf

The Particular Man is . . .

THE MAN WE DELIGHT IN PLEASING IN FOOTWEAR—

as to style, shape, material and workmanship. We have in our salesroom and in transit the swellest line of Men's Dress Shoes ever shown in the city, and at prices that are sure to please.

AN INSPECTION OF OUR SHOES WILL PROVE OUR ASSERTIONS.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

dec 29 tf

Maine E. R. Potatoes.

185 Bags Seed Potatoes.
296 Kegs Cut Nails.
78 Bundles 1¾ Hoop Iron.
190 Bundles 1½ Hoop Iron.
56 Bundles 1¼ Hoop Iron.
128 Bundles 1 inch Hoop Iron.
17 Barrels Assorted Bungs.
29 Barrels Glue.
210 Bags Drop Shot.
290 Bundles Paper Bags.
110 Rolls Manila Paper.
98 Caddies Red Horse Tobacco
140 Caddies Schnapp Tobacco.

We do not solicit the trade that belongs to our customers.

W. B. COOPER,

306, 310, 312 Nut street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 19 tf

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

AT YOUR SERVICE.

The best equipped Moving Vans or Wagons in the city are to be had from

THE S. J DAVIS LIVERY STABLES.

Orders for the moving of furniture or anything else can be promptly filled, as we have Trucks, Wagons, Horses and Men always ready. The utmost care is taken in handling furniture, etc. And we do our best to give perfect satisfaction.

Special attention to boarders. A new lot of Horses and Mules for sale cheap. Both 'Phones No. 124. No. 208-210 Market street. Jan 13 tf